The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1910. REGD. NO. B 1068.

BOMBAY WEDNESDAY APRIL 3 1929 ONE ANNA.

INSURANCE.
Indian Merchants' Chamber really means business.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

SHIPPING

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

HTLY SERVICES BETWEEN
n, Bombay, Karachi, via Mala-
n, Madras, Colombo.
a, and Karachi via Coast Ports.
, Calcutta, according to de-
s and other particulars apply
ROTTAM MORARJEE & Co.,
Agents.
Ballard Estate Bombay.

ME-TAX & SUPER-TAX
utory Statement of Account
repared, Audit of Books
r Firms UNDERTAKEN
THOSAR, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.
Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 22997.

SAILINGS TO COLOMBO,
ITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND
AUSTRALIA.

Narkunda ..	Colombo and Australia.
Delta ..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan.
Mooltan ..	Colombo and Australia.
Rajputana ..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan.
Maloja ..	Colombo and Australia.
Ranpura ..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan.
Naldera ..	Colombo and Australia.

TISH INDIA SAILINGS TO
, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF
RIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS,
LCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Bandra ..	Busrah via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports.
Ellora ..	Mombassa & Zanzibar only
Chakla ..	Karachi via Porebunder, Dwarka & Cutch Mandvi.
Vita ..	Karachi via Port Okha & Cutch Mandvi.
Karapara ..	East & South Africa.

REDUCED FARES.

Class return tickets to Mombasa
le for three months are now issued
East Africa Line of steamer. Re-
re Rs. 500/- only. Apply for parti-
to the undersigned.

e will be sailing of Karachi on Mon-
Wednesdays, Thurs./Fridays, and
ays, every week. The departure of
rachi/Gulf mail on Thursday or Fri-
dependent upon the arrival of the
English Mail.

l passengers for Karachi can only
d by Thurs./Friday sailings when
modation is not required for passen-
the P.& O. Mail Steamer or through
gers to Busrah.

ms and Rates of Freights and Passage
be arranged with
ACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Ballard Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING

N.Y.K

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leave.
*Seiyo Maru ..	6550	22 Mar.	3 April
*Ceylon Maru ..	4905	31 Mar.	12 „
Atsuta Maru ..	8600	....	@17 „
Sado Maru ..	6898	4 Apr.	18 „
*Tottori Maru ..	5973	16 „	30 „
Kashima Maru ..	10000	....	@1 May
Yamagat Maru ..	3807	20 Aril	4 „
Awa Maru ..	6028	30 „	14 „
Hakone Maru ..	10500	....	@15 „
Bengal Maru ..	5396	16 May	28 „
Suiva Maru ..	10700	....	29 „

* Do not carry passengers.
@ From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles
Hakusan Maru ..	10400	18 Apr.	5 May
Kitano Maru ..	8006	2 May	20 „
Haruna Maru ..	10509	16 „	2 June

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamers.	Tons.	From Hong-Kong.	From Kobe.
Shinyo Maru ..	22000	1 May	8 May
Siberia Maru ..	20000	15 „	22 „

Other are Orient-Seattle, South American (East and West Coast) and Japan-Australia Services.

Reduced combined through fares.

Cheapest Round-the-World tour rates and other fares, full particulars of which are furnished on application to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
'Phone No. 20279, 23738.
Telegrams:—"YUSEN".

BANKING

Yokohama Specie Bank Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
(ESTABLISHED 1880).

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	„ 100,000,000
Reserve Fund	„ 102,500,000

BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	Seattle
Bombay	London	Singapore
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Lyons	Sourabaya
Canton	Manila	San Francisco
Changchun	Marunouchi	Samarang
Darien	Nagasaki	Shanghai
Fengtien	Newchwang	Sydney
Hamburg	New York	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagoya	Tokyo
Harbin	Osaka	Tsinan
Hongkong	Peking	Tsingtau
Honolulu	Rangoon	Vladivostock
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeir	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

I. WASHIO
Manager.

SAVE EYES

of all troubles, even Cataract, Glaucoma, Granular lids, etc., cured Without Knife, by our nature's remedy Cocoanut Brand "LOTUS HONEY"—genuine and purest in market. Ask for Cocoanut Brand only. Dram Rs. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4. Postage extra. For free particulars write to:

NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.
Agents: Kemp & Co., Charni Rd., Bombay.
J. Tirath & Co., Bandra Rd., Karachi.
Tele. Address:—"Ulcer" Kandi.

BANKING

Bank of Baroda Ld.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.)

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up	Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 23,00,000

HEAD OFFICE.
MANDVI, BARODA.
BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Mehsana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad, Patan, Visnagar, Afreli, Kallol, Dwarka Kadi and Amreli.
DIRECTORS:
Sir [illegible] Samaldas, Kt., C.I.E., (Chairman).
Raj Ratna Sheth Magalbhai P. Haripharu (Sugar Shetji, Baroda.)
Sheth Dalpatbhai Shankarbhai Lalbhai (Mill Agent, Ahmedabad.)
Bhaskarrao [illegible] Mehta, Esq., M. A., LL.B.
Maganlal H. Kantavala, Esq., B. A. (Agent,) The Maharaja Mills Co., Ltd., Baroda.
R. B. Govindbhai Motibhai Desai, Kash Dewan, Baroda.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from 1st January to 30th June and at 2 per cent from 1st July to 31st December and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock, at moderate charges particulars of which may be learnt on application

SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 3, 3/4 per cent. per annum.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted at 4 per cent., by transfers from Savings Bank accounts subject to three months' notice of withdrawal. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

Bank of India Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies VII of 1882.)

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay), Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 86,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVING BANK ACCOUNTS opened which can be ascertained on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

WHEN YOU SPEND SO MUCH
For Your Clothes
why not be certain that they are made by artistic tailors
Araujo Fernandes & Co.,
Merchant Tailors,
Princess Street BOMBAY.

INSURANCE

Insure with the Pioneers of Life Assurance work in Bengal.

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LTD. (Est. 1891.)

No Share-holders No Capitalists. | TRUSTEE — GOVT. OFFICIAL TRUSTEE. | Claims paid over Rs. 550,000 Insurance fund over Rs. 400,000

Compare with others its GREAT AGE, SECURITY, Management and Absolutely the lowest rates.

CASH BONUS in the shape of difference of premium with the figures giving offices with every payment of premium.

For particulars apply to:—
P. C. RAY, M. A., B. L., Secretary, 309, Bowbazar Street, CALCUTTA
AGENCY APPLICATIONS INVITED.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS!

Subscribers who do not receive their copy of "The Chronicle" in time are requested kindly to furnish the following information to the Manager, Subscription Department:—

Name of Subscriber.....

Address.....

Register No.....

Date of April .....Time of delivery.....

Western India LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Satara City.

PRE-EMINENT among INDIAN COMPANIES at the age of 13.
Fourth Valuation at the end of 1926.

UNSURPASSED BONUS!

Bonus per W. Life	1000 p.a. End
Rs. 22-1/2	Rs. 18.

Strongest Reserves!!
(1) Life Assurance Fund. Rs. 10,64,993.
(2) Total Undivided Reserve Rs. 3,42,170.
RATIO of (2) to (1) 32 per cent.

NO OTHER COMPANY in INDIA can show EQUAL RESULTS.

For agency and other particulars ease apply.

THE East AND West INSURANCE Co., Ltd.

Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Purely Indian Concern—Offers everything best in Life Insurance

Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12/- per Rs. 1000/- per year.

Several new attractive plans.

Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions.

For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the:—
SECRETARIES Bombay.

A Road

to perfect health can very easily be secured by going through

KAMSHASTRA

A book of 150 pages sent gratis and Post free.

Atank Nigrah Pharmacy.
Jamnagar, (Kathiawar.)

Bombay Widows' Pension Fund Ltd

ESTABLISHED 1875.
No. 23-25, Humum Street, Fort, above Messrs. Warden & Co.
FUNDED CAPITAL RS. 2,78,200.

Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation was entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate, 30 per cent. surrender value in case the wife pre-deceased Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost. 25 per cent. Commission to Canvassers in First 12 months' subscription.

For details apply for a Copy of Rules to:
GAJANAN S. ANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee **ONE**

For First Twenty Words

AND

ONE ANNA

For each additional word.

Terms:—CASH with order

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No.——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," Office Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—AGENTS who can deposit Rs. 100/- for Samples to secure orders. Pay Rs. 60 plus 40 T. A. P. M. No application attended until accompany three annas stamps. FASHIONABLE CLOTH MFG. CO, Regd. Ludhiana.

A R1442

WANTED:—AGENTS for the Sale of either or both the Daily and Illustrated Sunday editions of 'Bombay Chronicle" at (1) Mahableshwar (2) Mhow, (3) Virangaum (4) Meshana, (5) Vankaner, (6) Rajkot Jn. (7) Jetalsats Jn. (8) Porbunder, (9) Wadhwan City (10) Cutch Mandvi, (11) Gadag, (12) Khamgaon, (13) Dhoraji, (14) Bantwa and (15) Hathras, Write for full particulars and terms of Agency to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle" P. O. Box No 322, Fort, Bombay.

A

HOTELS.

CALCUTTA HOTEL LD.

Mirzapore Square North, Calcutta.

Premier and Largest Indian Hotel. Best arrangements. Home comforts. Family suits available. Daily charges:—Rs. 10, 6, 4-8 and 3. Telegrams: "CALHOTEL"

EDUCATIONAL.

INSTITUTION OF STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS, LONDON.—Graduateship and Associate-Membership Examinations will be held in Bombay on 3rd, 4th and 5th July, 1929. Applications received up-to 15th May 1929. Revised Syllabus and application form will be forwarded on receipt of five annas in postage stamps.—P. V. SABNIS, University Library, Bombay.

M 32013

THE ROYAL HOMOEOPATHIC INSTITUTE DELHI.—(Registered under Act XXI of 1860) Teaches and Grants Diplomas in Dentistry, Homoeopathy Electro-Homoeopathy and Biochemistry.—Please apply for Prospectus to Dr. R. R. Gupta H.M.D. Principal.

M R1391

PROFESSION.

CONSULT for all problems regarding fortune if you find yourself in a domestic, official or personal difficulty. I will do all I can to help you at a reasonable charge. N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune-teller & Evil Counteracter, Empire Bldg., Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-4-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-12-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 32ND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Empire of India Life Building, Hornby Road, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 11th April, 1929, at 1 o'clock (S. T.).

By Order of the Board of Directors,
ALLUM. BHARUCHA & CO.,
Managers.

Bombay, 2nd April, 1929.

32021

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's S. S. "CEYLON MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 31st March, 1929, from Japan, via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for countersignature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged in or doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag Cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

The Indian Review.

(MARCH CONTENTS.)

FASCISM AT WORK
By Mr. Glyn Barlow.

INDIAN RAILWAY POLICY
By Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, M.L.A.

THE IRISH NATIONALITY
By Mr. Thomas J. O. Connell.

THE DELHI SESSION
By "A Student of Politics."

PARTIES AND POLITICS IN ENGLAND
By A. Chessell Piquet.

THE NEED FOR A SANE EMIGRATION POLICY
By Mr. S. H. Mistry, B.Com.

THE LAND SYSTEM OF MALABAR
By Dr. V. K. John, B.A., B.L., Bar-At-Law.

IN THE NIGHT; (A Poem)
By Meredith Starr

FALSEHOOD IN WAR
By Mr. C. F. Andrews.

MODERN SPIRITUALISM
By Mr. C. S. R. Somayajulu.

THE CHAMBER OF PRINCES

FARM COLONIES
By Mr. T. S. Gangadhara Aiyar, B.A., B.L.

A LOVER SINGS: (A Poem)
By Leland J. Berry

THE RIGHTS OF MUSLIMS
By "An Indian Christian."

THE WORLD OF BOOKS

(Single Copy As. 8)

"The annual subscription to the Indian Review is Rs. 5 (five) only including postage Foreign 10s. Subscriptions can commence from any month. If you have not already seen the Review send postage stamps for As. Four for a specimen copy to G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras. Current issues will not be given as specimen copies.

G. A. NATESAN & CO.
Publishers, George Town, Madras.

AUCTION SALE.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT THE JUNCTION OF GRANT ROAD AND CHIMNA BUTCHER STREET.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos Esqr., Receiver appointed in Suit No. 2828 of 1924 (Shrikrishna vs Shrikrishna) and pursuant to the Provisions contained in the Consolidated Consent Decretal Order, dated 19th August, 1926, and High Court Order, dated 24th day of March, 1927 and the Final Decree dated 1st February 1928, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 3rd instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:

All that piece of quit and ground rent land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at the junction of Grant Road and Chimna Butcher Street admeasuring about 293 sq. yards bearing Collector's New No. 8714, New Survey No. 1173, Cadastral Survey No. 4133, Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 7959, Street Nos.2—4—6 and bounded on the East by Chimna Butcher Street, on the West by the property of Essaji Ebrahim, on the North by Grant Road and on the South by the property of Papalal Ustad.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Rele & Co. Attorneys for the Receiver or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 4 ADDITIONAL SITES FOR PETROL TANKS AND PUMPS TO BE LEASED FOR A PERIOD OF 3 YEARS.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at their Rooms the rights to lease (1) Bhendi Bazar Junction Babula Tank Road, (2) Mumbadevi Road, (3) Tardeo Road, (4) Cadell Road near its junction with Sayani Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and the plan of the sites apply to the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SUNDAY, the 7th instant, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at S. R. Bomanji's Bungalow, Napean Road, Malabar Hill, valuable sprecially ordered-out household furniture by John Roberts and others, such as dining table and chairs, dinner waggons, side-boards, dressers, plated glass top-writing tables, handsome partitions, brocade screens, drawing room Jacobean suites, book cases, cabinets, velvet curtains, meat-safe, ice-box, glass and panel door almyrahs, chest of drawers, child's folding pram., wicker chairs, English refrigerator, saddlery, garden plants with wooden tubs and garden implements, etc., etc.

The property of A. A. Pallis, Esq., Manager, Messrs. Ralli Bros.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 3 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

COTTON MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

AND

DOCUMENT of DESTINY

TO KNOW THE FUTURE RESULT purchase PROFESSOR SHAH'S SPECIAL COTTON FORECAST, charge only Rs 125/-. Weekly Cotton forecast charge only Rs. 10/-. Monthly Cotton forecast charge only Rs. 30/-.

WHOLE LIFE HISTORY is predicted by examining PALM.

Special accommodation for Ladies.

(KALBADEVI ROAD,) Opp. Grain & Seeds Brokers' Association (Alshi's Patia) on 2nd Floor BOMBAY No. 2.

N. B.—Life Member's charge Rs. 500 only once—Life Member is entitled to get all forecasts free of charge for whole life time.

AMUSEM...

Veerbhanu——Ratnavali -- tha...

BLOO...

Ranarudra—my Friend—I Swear that Se...

BLOOD FOR THY ...

SEE United Pictures Syndicate'...

BLOOD for ...

AT THE

Imperial C...

From SATURDAY 13...

Coming Shortly **RAJA-S...**

THE GLOBE

SANDHURST ROAD

NEXT SATURDAY

For the First Time in India.

"SCOTTY OF THE SCOUTS"

First Instalment 11 Stupendous reels

With

BEN ALEXANDER

A boy the whole world Loves.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

TO-DAY AT 6-30 & 10 p. m.

The Internationally Famous Mirror and Fire Dancer

MLLE. AMETA

In Conjunction with

THE UNTAMED LADY

Featuring

GLORIA SWANSON

A Paramount Comedy de Luxe.

EMPIRE THEATRE

At 6-15, 8-15 & 10 p.m.

MADAN THEATRES, LTD.

have pleasure in repeating "British Instructional's" most beautiful and impressive screen drama.

SHIRAZ

Featuring the Film Star

SEETA DEVI

Supported by an all-Indian cast, including

HIMANSU RAI, CHARU ROY
ENAKSHI RAMA RAI.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

(The Exclusive Home of Talkies and Synchronised Pictures).

At 6-30 and 10 P. M.

See, Hear, and Marvel at

THE PARAMOUNT SOUND PICTURE

BEGGARS OF LIFE

Featuring

WALLACE BEERY

LOUISE BROOKS RICHARD ARLEN

A Paramount Sound Picture.

BILLIAR...

SIR COWASJI JEHANGI...

TO-DAY AT 'THO...

Messrs. DAWSO...

Present

CLAUDE FA...

(The World Famou...

Who will give displays ... each evening with B... Amateurs—at each sessio... will give fancy and exhi...

Admission—Rs. 1, 2 & 3

For this Match, Messr... are building a Special St... which will be for Sale.

Bar and Refreshments wil... the Premises by Messrs. BR...

IMPERIAL C...

Lamington Road...

Presents

From SATURDAY, the 30th ... and during the W...

An Imperial Film Co.'s Master...

"GULSHAN-E-A...

Featuring Miss ERMELINE...

Supported by Well-know... JAMSETJI KHANSAHE...

It is a story from the pen of ... Mahomed an eminent Egyp... and Greatest Indian Cinema...

Who have seen several Ara... tures appreciated from ev... are not going to lose this ... opportunity to see and will ... feel as if you were in t... atmosphere of the ancient ... Arabs.

DAILY FOUR SHOWS at 5, 7 ... EXTRA SHOW ...

Sat., Sun. & Bank Holidays a...

Coming United Pictures Syndica...

"BLOOD FOR BL...

MAHATMA GANDHI ... LOGER.

Send your Horoscope or the ... letter writing. Arudam 5 quest... futurity Re. 1. each extra quest... Annual Reading monthly details ... businessmen weekly details. ... Rs 10. THE ANDHRA ... (Telugu Daily) writes thus:—"W... ledge with satisfaction the effica... Jothidasastra of this person." ... SATAGOPACHARIAR, Tiruttani... District, S. India.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

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new social and economic

COTTON FIGURES

PTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, April 2.

	28-3-29	This year.	Last year.
Since 1st September.			
	7,851	320,884	267,943
	9,549	272,919	254,613
r	1,004	198,697	253,186
o-		70,959	98.866
	7,113	597,896	554,785
inces	7,641	293,507	243,893
	33,158	1,754,862	1,673,286
	3,769	87,659	93,217
ees	206	57,620	62,301
	524	32,022	36,756
	1,527	78,549	129,502
	5,886	130,138	54,783
f Dhar-		17,539	16,076
rtherns		13,962	5,849
		1	
ud Cam-		6,413	9,739
	39	987	3,837
		4,085	29,353
d Af			
	48	31,610	22,739
rma and			
s		10	66
	45,157	2,215,457	2,137,504

ORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, April 2.

	1st Sept. to 21st March, 28-3-29	This year.	Last year.
ssed	14,389	522,823	399,193
China	25,373	976,955	558,914
s	99	11,698	16,559
by Rail		65,638	54,184
arbour for China and		44,614	17,837
	39,861	1,621,728	1,046,687

CAN COTTON FIGURES.

ales.	1928-29	1927-28
date 1-4-29	8649000	7483000
sterday 1-4-29	23000	16000
date 1-4-29	6750000	5929000
orts 28-3-29	1776000	778000
or Towns do	753000	864000
pool 28-3-29	1089000	774000
ply 28-3-29	4511000	4585000
Sight do	14156000	12471000

ds	3
	3,397
	2,438
	268
	187
	1,832
	1,239
	tons.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

Bombay, April 2.

In sympathy with weakness of American Cotton Exchanges our forward Market opened easy at Rs. 356/8 for Broach A. M. delivery. There was no inclination to buy and prices declined to Rs. 354/4 under scattered selling and liquidation. Buyers of call options were also sellers and the market displayed easy undertone. However at the decline offerings were small and prices showed somewhat steadier tendency. Liverpool opened very steady and the market closed as under:—

Broach A.M.	355/12
Broach J.A.	367/8
Oomra May	318/8
Oomra July	326/8
Bengal May	264.

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 2.

April	237.20—1.70
July	237.00—1.70
Oct.	237.90 1.40

COTTON TENDERS.

Bombay, April 2.

To-day being the first tender day against F.G.M. G. Broach A./May contracts, 2,800 Bales of Cotton were tendered.

OILS AND CAKES.

(The Tata Oil Mills Quotations, exgodown Bombay).

Bombay, April 2.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 572/- per ton.
Filtered Mowra Oil Ready Rs. 550/- per ton.
Coconut Cake Ready Rs 121/- per ton.
Mowra Cake Ready Rs. 50/- per ton.

DAILY ROOM RATES

Bengal 264 May
Broach 355 A.M.
Broach 366 J.A.
Umra 318 May
Umra 326 July.

SPOT RATE.

Bengal	277	272	264	257
Sind	279	274	266	259
Punjab	275	270	262	255
Rajputana	277	272	264	257
Broach	367	362	355	350
Umra	328	322	316	306
C. P. No. 1	348	342	336	326
C. P. No. 2	338	332	326	316
Khandesh	—	—	291	281
Mathia	—	—	271	261

READY COTTON SALES.

100 A Damodar & Co. Dhamabad 315
200 Gokuldas Dossa Broach 361
100 P. R. Vakharia Meshana 324.
100 Toyomankwa Sahada 280
100 Toyomankwa Kundla 268
200 Toyomankwak Jalgaon 289
200 Toyomankwak Satona 278
100 P. R. Vakharia Karanja 286
300 R. D. Tata & Co. Karanja 296
100 Japan & Co. Ujjain 305
100 Japan & Co. Sanavad 278
100 Japan & Co. Maheji 276
200 G. G. Kesha Harda 298
300 G. G. Kesha Wun 328
200 Volkart Bros Khandwa 256
700 Volkart Bros Karanja 263

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

	Bombay, April 2. Ready. Red leafy	Ready. Average.
Bengal Superfine	280	....
Bengal Fine	275	....
Bengal F.G.	265	235|45
Sind-Punjab Fine	275	....
Sind-Punjab F.G.	265	235|45
Wardha-Hingt. Fine	330	320
Nagpur Savner Fine	335	325
Yeotmal Fine	325	305
Arvi Fine	325	300
Amraoti Fine	315	300
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	315	285
Mulkapur Fine	305	275
Khandesh Fine	290	260
Muthia Fine	280	265
Muthia F.G.	275	235|50
Nanded|Purna F.G. G.S.	345	300
Purna F.G.G.S.	325	300
Parbhani|Sailu F.G. G.S.	320	300
Indore|Ujjain Fine	315	300|330
Burwah Sanavad Fine	320	295
Surat Fine	....	....
Broach	....	.... Old.
Broach F.G.	....	....
Westerns M.G.	....	320
Cambodia	405	....
Miraj|Sangli	....	355
Coompta Good	....	355
Jinja	515	....
Busoga	525	....

THE SEEDS TRADING ASSOCIATION

Bombay, April 2.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 52/14 Highest Rs. 52/15 Lowest Rs. 52/12/6 Closing Rs. 52/14/6.
Cottonseeds Delivery Ma. Opening Rs. 4/9 Lowest Rs. 4/8/9 Closing Rs. 4/9.
Groundnut Seeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 53/6 Lowest Rs. 53/- Closing 53/0/9.

COMING!! **IMPERIAL CINEMA** COMING!!
(LAMINGTON ROAD.) PRESENTS
From SATURDAY, 13th APRIL
THE FIRST INDIAN PICTURE.
Featuring the Famous Artists, VAMANRAO KULKARNI, MASTER SUNDER BABOORAO GADE, JAYRAM DESAI, and Miss GANGOOBAI.
"BLOOD for BLOOD"
An adaptation of Sheridan's famous play "PIZARRO" a story of Greek invasion in India in 300 B. C.
Produced by :—THE UNITED PICTURES SYNDICATE
Photographed & Directed by P.S. TALAGERI, of "THE DAUGHTER OF MARATHAS" Fame.

Money Market

EXCHANGE QUAOTATIONS.
Bombay 2nd April 1929.

B. C. RATE :—
T T 1-5 15-16
D. D 1-5 31-32
LONDON :—
Banks Selling T T April 1-5 15-16.
Banks Selling D D 1-5 31-32
Banks Selling T T 1-5 31-32.
Banks Selling T T April 1-5 29-32.
Banks Buying T T 1-6.
Banks Buying D D 1-6 1-32.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. April 1-6 11-32.
Banks Buying 3 mos. May 1-6 5-16.
NEW YORK :—)
B. C. T T 275 1-2.
Banks Selling T T 275 1-4.
Banks Buying T T 274 1-4.
Banks Buying 3 mos.
PARIS.
Banks Selling D D 926.
Banks Buying D D 938.
Banks Buying 3 mos. 950.
JAPAN.
Banks Selling T T 122 1-2.
Banks Buying 60 Days ..119 1-2
HONGKONG.
Banks Selling D D 136.
SHANGHAI.
Banks Selling D D 172 1-2.
SINGAPORE.
Banks Selling D D 155.
JAVA.
Banks Selling D D 90 7-8.
CROSS RATE :—
28th ulto.
New York-London 4.85 1-4.
2nd instant.
Shanghai-London 2-6-9-16.
Japan -London 1-10.
28th ulto.
London-Paris 124.20.
London-Belgium 34.945.
London-Switzerland 25.22 1-2.
London-Italy 92.75.
Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Steady.

	27th ulto.	28th ulto.
Gold	£4.4.11,-	£4.4.11 1/2
Silver London Ready	26 1-16	25 15-16
Silver London Forward	26 1-8	26
Silver New York Ready	56 3-4	56 1-2
London Discounts 3 mos	5 11-32 %	5 3-8%
London Discounts 6 mos.	5 15-32%	5 1-2%

Imperial Bank Rate 8%
Bank of England Rate 5 1-2%
MONEY :—
Inter Bank Call 7%
3 mos. 6%
6 mos. 4 1-2 %
Tone :—Steady.
12 mos. 4 1-2 %

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, April 6

	Rs.	a.
3 1-2 % Rupee Paper	71	6
4 % Conversation Loan due 1931-36	92	0
4 % Loan due 1934-37	91	12
4 % Loan due 1960-70	83	12
4 1-2 % Bonds due 1934	96	0
4 1-2 % Loan due 1955-60	94	5
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47	99	2
5 per % Loan due 1935	100	6
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1933,	100	7
5 % Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55	102	10
6 per cent War Bonds (Tax-Free due 1930	101	1
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931	102	1
6 % Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932	103	1
6-1-2 % B'by Devp. Loan (Tax (Free) due 1935	107	6
4 % Port Trust due 1974	81	0
4 % Municipal due 1974	81	0
4 % Improvement Trust due 1974	81	0
6 % Bombay Municipal due 1954	108	0
6 % Municipal due 1929-49	100	0

Forward Rates 19th April Sett.

3 1-2 % Rupee Paper Rs.	71	5	6
5 per cent 1945-55	102	10	0

Tone of Market :— Quiet Steady.

FOREIGN WEAT MARKETS

PRESENT PRICES REASONABLE

"Wall Street caused decline, but better tone there affected grains: think present prices justify scale down buying."

"Credit stringency and good weather affecting wheat. Estimate winter crop average 569 million bushels."

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.
May close at 8s. 77-7/8d.—1/8d
July close at 9s. 2-3/4d.—1/8d.
Oct. close at 9s. 5-3/8d.—1/8d
Wheat Chicago Market: (close of 28/3/29).—
Mar. per bushell dolls. 1.18-1/4—1/8
May per bushel dolls. 1.21-1/4—1/2.
July per bushel dolls. 1.24-1/2—3/8.
(Close of 1/4/29).—
May per bushel dolls. 1.19-3/8—1-7/8.
July per bushel dolls. 1.22-1/2—2.
Sept. per bushel dolls. 1.24-5/8

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Banks, as on the 22nd March 1929.

LIABILITIES.

Subscribed Capital	11,25,00,000
Capital Paid up	5,62,50,000
Reserve	5,22,50,000
Public Deposits	6,14,45,000
Other Deposits	71,27,25,000
Loans against securities per contra	—
Loans from the Government of India under Section 20 of the Paper Currency Act, against Inland bills discounted and purchased per contra	4,00,00,000
Contingent Liabilities	—
Sundries	71,92,000
Rupees	92,98,62,000

ASSETS.

Government Securities	19,04,59,000
Other authorised securities under the Act	2,39,42,000
Loans	12,70,67,000
Cash Credits	31,83,82,000
Inland bills discounted and purchased	11,69,39,000
Foreign bills discounted and purchased	31,83,000
Bullion	5,000
Dead Stock	2,83,87,000
Liability of constituents for contingent liabilities per contra	—
Sundries	38,17,000
Balances with other Banks	13,35,000
	81,35,16,000
Cash	11,63,46,000
Rupees	92,98,62,000

The above balance sheet includes—
Deposits in London £828,400
Advances and Investments in London £882,100
Cash and balances at other Banks in London £100,500
Percentage 14.16
Bank Rate 8 per cent.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, April 2.

3 Months Discounts 5 3/8 per cent.
6 Months Discounts 5 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England rate 4 1/2 per cent.
Money Call 6 3/4 per cent.
One Month 6 per cent.
Three Months 5 1/4 per cent.
Six Months 5 1/4 per cent.
Twelve Months 4 1/2 per cent.
Tone of Money Market Easy
Imperial Bank of India rate 8 per cent.
Bombay 2-4-1929.

Tone of Silver:—Dull. China sold. China bought. Buyers satisfied.

COLABA OBSERVATORY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 2/4/1929.

Barometer (corrected to 32 deg. F.) at 8 a.m. 29.848 inches (.034 below normal.)
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours.— .073
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.1 degrees.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.5 degrees.
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 90.4 degrees (2.7 above normal)
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 183 miles.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 24 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 0

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, April 1.

May	20.58—.21
July	20.01—.19
October	20.14—.15
December	20.08—.12
January	20.09—.15
Middling Spot	20.75—20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, April 1.

May	19.83—.17
July	19.92—.15
Middling Spot	19.53—17

NEW YORK.

New York, April 1.

New York Noon Call:—
May 20.46
July 19.88
October 19.85

PRIVATE CABLES.

Jenks:—"Liquidating resulting from breaks in securities strengthened position of market. New crops in good demand at declines. Sentiment generally bullish. Weather chief influence. With warm dry period sustained advance unlikely. Securities irregular."

From New York:—"Market declined in consequence of favourable weather reports and bulls liquidating."

Reuter:—"Market was easier in absence of any important buying and also by weakness of Wall Street and more favourable weather."

Messrs. Drennan & Co. have received the following telegrams from their Liverpool friends dated 28th March and 1st April, respectively:—

Messrs. Stubbs & Grindrod, 28/3/29:—
"Market much healthier for liquidation advance well held to-day look for further recovery on merits stock market easier."

Messrs Hornby Hemelryk & Co., 28/3/29:—
"New York cables:—Better weather expected over holidays."
"New York cables:—Market declined consequence weak stock market and favourable weather
Messrs. Hornby Hemelryk & Co., 1/4/29:—

LINSEED AND WHEAT.

Bombay, April 2.

Linseed May	10 13 0
Linseed Sept.	11 2 9
Wheat May	8 0 9
Wheat Sept	7 13 9

—NEW INDIA—
ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.

Capital Authorised	Rs.	6,00,00,000
" Subscribed	"	3,56,05,275
" Paid-up	"	71,21,055
TOTAL FUNDS	"	1,27,20,246

Insure now, before you suffer loss.

Fire, Life, Marine, Burglary, Motor Car. — Personal Accident, All Risks (Jewellery) Etc., Etc.

Call at the Office,
Central Bank Building,
Esplanade Road,
General Manager R. J. DUFF

STOCKS AND SHARES

Absence of Support

PRICES SAG UNDER DULL TRADING

Bombay, April 2.

The share market ruled quiet and prices show further decline? There was total absence of bull support and under scattered selling prices declined. There was a poor business and the general sentiment is not inclined to take any definite view of the situation. There are many uncertain factors around mill industry and in the near future prices are likely to fluctuate irregularly without any definite tendency.

To-day's trading was uninteresting particularly for mill shares where Bombay cotton pref. shares changed hands at Rs. 5 while a few Bharat mill shares were realised at Rs. 66/4. There was some what better enquiry for railway shares. Ahmedabad Prantij shares were done at Rs. 777/8. Amratsar Pati were sold at Rs. 120. Some Gujarats were placed at Rs. 81/8 while Tapti shares after opening at Rs. 690 improved Rs. 2/8. Mundrabhon were steady at Rs. 70/8. Sirajgunj were offered at Rs. 90 at the opening but towards the close sellers were offering at Rs. 89/8. Central Provinces were steady at Rs. 96/12 while Upper Sindh Light Rails were placed at Rs. 85.

India Bank shares ruled steady at Rs. 101/8, Imperial Baiks opened at Rs. 1387/8 and closed at Rs. 1388/12. New issues were done at Rs. 345. Central Bank opened at Rs. 21/6 but lost As. 2/- by the close.

Andhra Ordinary were offered at Rs. 576/4 at the opening but later on buyers were willing to pay 577/8. Preference shares were steady at Rs. 955. Tata Power Ordinary opened at Rs. 440 and improved to Rs. 450, Tram Pref. were placed at Rs 65/8. Karachi Elec. changed hands at Rs. 142/8. Katni Defds were steady at Rs. 795, Punjab Ordinary Cements opened at Rs. 11/12 and improved to Rs. 12/2. New India opened at Rs. 21 and advanced As. 4/- Scindia opened at Rs. 11/9 but eased off to Rs. 11/6. Tata Steel Second Pref. opened at Rs. 79/8 but closed quiet at Rs. 79/4. Port Canning grinded at Rs 632/8 while Tata Oils were quoted Rs. 18. Bombay Telephones changed hands at Rs 55/4 and Debentures were done at Rs. 57. B. B. Petrol opened at Rs. 4/14 but declined to Rs. 4/13. India Bleaching opened at Rs. 238/12 and closed at Rs 236/14. Alcocks were steady at Rs. 297/8. Bombay Burmahs opened at Rs. 782/8 but closed easy at Rs. 777/8. Bombay Steams opened at Rs 228/12 but lost Rs. 1/4. Bundi advanced As. 2/- after opening at Rs. 20/4. Indian Cements ruled steady and closed at Rs. 320/10. Tata Ordinary shares lost As. 14/- after opening at Rs. 65/12 while Defds closed easy at Rs 231/4. Tata Hydros were neglected.

—:o:—

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, April 2.

Bombay Dyeing 880 81, 76, 73.
Century 387, 88, 85, 82.
Colaba 123,
Crescent 127, 30.
Fazul 758, 56, 55, 52, 51.
Indore 390.
Madhowji 42, 40,
Nagpur 497, 95, 92, 86, 88, 86.
New Great 218, 17,
Pearl 465, 62, 61, 60 10,
Simplex 65, 66.
Swadeshi 433, 35.
Burma 782, 81, 78, 77,
Ilydro 1150, 46, 43, 46,
Tram 146, 47,
Defd. 233, 34, 33, 31.
Ord. 65, 8-4, 65, 64-12, 64-13,
Bundi 20-4 20-6,
Indian 317, 18, 20, 21, 20-10,
Katni Ord. 217, 223.
Alcock 296 97.

SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS.

BOMBAY, April 2.

Ahmedabad Advance 100 362, 345.
Appollo 60 nil 4/12.
Assur Veerji (5) nil 2/8
Barsi (250) 20y 145
Berar Manufacturing (500) 15y 166/4
Bharat (500) 10y 70
Bombay Cotton (200) 201 176
Bombay Dyeing (120) 201 873-12
Bombay Industrial (20) 5
Bradbury (250) Nil 145.
Broach Fine Counts 250 nil 30
Century 100 20y 382-8.
Central India 100f 486.4.
Ceylon 100 nil 22-8.
Colaba Land Mill 100 123-12
Crescent 100 9f. 130
Currimbhoy 250 nil 150.
David 250 nil 225
Dawn 250 a 15y 520.
E. D. Sassoon United Ord. nil 0-10-0.
Ebrahim Pabaney 200 7/8 141.14
Edward Sassoon 200 200 nil 93-12
Elphinstone 100 nil 6.8.
Falulbhoy 250 751-4
Finlay 100 10y 100
Framjee Petit 1,000 nil 200
Gokak 100 2/8.136.4
Gold Mohur 100 nil 100
Hindustan 1,000 100y 1675
Indian Bleaching etc. 100 10f. 237/8
Indian Manufacturing 1,000 75y 1230
Indore Malwa 100 13/12f. 390.
Jamshed 250 nil 17/8
Jam Ranji Singhji 1,000 100y 1600
Kastoorchand 50 nil 13/8
Khandesh 1,000 50f 2300
Khatau Makanji 100 nil 76/4.
Kohinoor 10/13/0/6 191.14.
Lakshmi Cotton 250 15 1515.
Madho Rao Scindia 100 nil 8/8
Madhowji Dharmasi 100 nil 42/8
Madras United 250 7/8i 445
Maneckjee Petit 1,000 20y 1050
Mathradas 50 nil 20
Meyer Sassoon 100 nil 73/12
Minerva 80 nil 77
Morarji Goculdas 1,000 nil 1125
Model Mills, Nagpur 250 nil 85
Mysore 50 plus 2f xd 165.
New City of Bombay 100 nil 82.8.
New Great Eastern 200 10y 217.8
Osmanshahi 75 2/4y 55.
Pearl 210 19f. 460.10
Phoenix 100 20y 352.8
Premier 10 nil 6
Sassoon Cotton 100 nil 8/8
Sassoon and Alliance Silk 50 5/8y 63/8
Sholapur 1000 120f 5660
Simplex 250 nil 66.4
Sir Shapurji Broacha 100 nil 8
Swadeshi 100 10f. 435
Swan Mills 25 nil 100
Tata Mills 25 nil 42/8.
Vishnu Cotton 500 401 2250
Western India Spinning 1,000 60y 940

BANKS.

Bank of India 50/2 8f 101/8
Baroda 500 0/8 79
Central 250 21.4.
Eastern £5 4sh. + 88
Imperial 500 40f. xd: 1390
Imperial Contributory 125 10f. 345
Union 5/11 3/12
P. & O. Bank £10 10f 128

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland 10/0/8 4f. 20-4.
Central India Mining 7-8
Gwalior Cement 70 10y 100
Indian Cement 220 nil 320-10
New Indian Assurance 5 ly 21/4.
Katni Cement Ord. 100 10 800
Punjab Cement 100 nil 12/2
Shahabad Cement 100 7y 161/4
Shivrajpur 20 2/11 20/4
United Cement 100 6y 90
xd.

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prantej 400 31/11/6f 775
Amritsar Patti 100 3/10/0f 120
Central Portland 97
Dhond Baramati 100 2/11/6 98
Gujarat 100 2/4/3f 83/8
Hoshiarpur Doab 100 4/12/6y 90
Larkhana 100 1i 87
Mandra Bhon 90 1/15/2f 71.
Mymensingh 100 2/11/6f 98/8
Pachora Jamner 100 2/4 8i 85
Sialkot Narrowal 100 2/4/3 95
Sara Sirajgunj 100 2/6/9f 90
Sind Light 100 5/7 135
Tapti Valley 686/4
Upper Sind 100 nil 85

ELECTRIC UNDERTARING.

Ahmedabad Electric 100 6/8y 128/12
x. d.
Surat Electric O 100 5/7y 137
Andhra Valley Ordy 10,000 577/8
Bombay Tramway Ord. 59 2 146/14
Tata Hydro Electric 1,000 10f. 1146/4
Tata Power O 7,000 nil 440
Karachi Electricity 100 2/4i 143/12
Poona Electricity 100 7y 140

PRESS COMPANIES.

Fort 475 10y 130
Harvey and Sabapathy 500 80+20y 1185
Indian Cotton 125 17/8y 215
Manmad Manufacturing 250 20y 270
New Berar 500 70y 840
New Mofussil 400 30y 505.
New Prince of Wales 500 20y 410
Volkart U. P. 500 30y 480

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

B. I. G. Insurance 10 nil 5.
Bombay Life Assurance 20 1/4y 48
Empire of India Life /00 30/52 1975
Jupiter General Insurance Ordy. 10 nil 10/4
New Indian Assurance 5 ly 21/4
Oriental Government Securities
Life 100 100d 2100
Vulcan 10 0/8/0y 7
Industrial & Prudential 6 0|5|0y 11

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown 100 nil 297/8
Attock Oil 1 nil 38
Belapur Co. 50 nil 16
Bombay Safe Deposit U. P.
Paid 200 40y 510.
Bombay Steam Co. Ordy. 250 12/8y 227/8
Bombay Uganda 80 nil 30
B. Burma T. Corporation 125 777/8
Dd. Contributory 50 12f. 277/8
British Burma Petroleum 81 4/15 4/14.
Burma Corp. 10 As. 6+1 11/8
Jost Engineering 50 54-12/8 187/8
Kemp 200 15 197-8.
Mackenzie Saw Mills 100 201/4
Port Canning, 1,000 45 622/8
Scindia Steam 11/6
Tata Construction 30 4y 52.
Tata Iron (Def) 231/4
Tata Iron (Def) 231/4

DEBENTURES.

Bombay Telephone 50 1y 55/8
Asair Veerji Mills B. 7 (F. T.) 94.8.
Bombay Steam T 8 p.c 105
Bombay Telephone 50 1y 55.
Kastoorchand Mills T. 7 (F. T.) 86
Kohinoor Mills T 7 103.
Tata Hydro B. 8 110/4
Tata Steel B. 7 p.c. £104
Tata Power 7-1/2 p.c. 103
Andhra Valley 7 1/2 p.c £103.
Andhra Valley B. 8 104
Apollo Mills B. 7.8 F. T. 100.

QUOTATION'S OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH

(ISSUED BY THE HINDUSTANI NATIVE MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION.)

Bombay, April 2.

	Rs. a. p.
KHADI:—	Per lb.
Texsil'e	0 12 0
Century	0 11 9
Jacob	0 11 9
Toyo Patdar	0 11 6
Moon	0 11 9
LONG CLOTH (full weight) 30-40 In:—	
Century 91 1-2 92-1-2	1 0 3
Century 6404-8705	1 0 6
Fazal (Mahal)	1 0 6
Pehlad	0 15 6
Pabaney (Phoolmala)	1 0 0
Manekji (Patangia)	0 15 9
Daud Sahib	0 15 6
Ganga Ghat	0 15 3
LONG CLOTH (Light weight No. 52 to 53 03:	
Rachael Mill	1 0 6
Phoenix	1 0 6
Moon	1 0 9
Dinshaw (Gaumukh)	0 15 3
LONG CLOTH Quality:—	
Swan Finlay	1 0
Gold Mohor	0 15 9
LONG CLOTH Satin Calender 34-42 in:—	
Textile (Hand)	0 15 3
Spring (Merchant)	0 15 3
Century (Bugle)	0 15 6
Apollo (Pyala)	0 15 1½
Tata Mill (Darji)	0 15 3
Sakuntala	0 15 6
Maneckji (Kunda)	0 14 6
Pehlad (Swala)	0 14 9
Globe	0 15 0
Rachael	0 15 0
Dinshaw (Maharaja)	0 14 1½
Maher	0 15 3
Kachwa	0 15 0
Moon	0 15 1½
LEPAD:—	
Spring	0 15 6
Textile	0 15 6
Century	0 15 6
DHOOTIES, 7 8 9 Yards:—	
Spring (Balance)	1 1 0
Jacob	1 1 0
Century	1 1 0
Moon Mill	1 1 0
3732 Moon	1 1 0
3842 Mayer	1 0 9
DHOOTIES 10 Yards	
Spring (Balance)	1 0 0
Century	1 0 0
Jacob	1 0 0
Moon Mill	1 0 0
1386 Tata Per Piece	2 14 0
GIN COLOURED:—	
A. 1515 Tulsidas	12 8 0
B. 1515 Ratilal	12 4 0
MARKIN JAPAN:—	
4488	12 14 0
8383	9 9 0
3810	11 0 0
9898	10 14 0
Yds. 120	20 12 0
9797	9 9 0
6300	10 15 0
44000	9 4 0
BLACK CHECK:—	
5800 Sholapur	9 0 0
DUKDI Yards	12 13 14
Phoenix	1 2 6
Framji	1 2 3
Kanta	1 2 9
DHOTI FITA CHRIMA Yards 5 to 9:—	
China	1 0 9
Moon	1 1 0
Maher	1 0 9
Simplex	1 0 0
Yards 10	
China	1 0 6
Simplex	1 0 0
Moon	1 0 9
Maher	1 0 9

THE EIGHTH BOMBAY TEMPERANCE CONFERENCE

—:o:—

The Eighth Bombay Temperance Conference which was to have been held in Bombay in February, but had to be put off owing to the disturbed state of the city, will be held early in May. Fresh invitations have accordingly been sent out to the various Temperance and other Assaciations throughout the Presidency to the Conference. If any Sosiety has not been officially approached through inadvertence, the Secretary thereof is requested kindly to communicate with Mr. D. D. Gilder, Princes Street Bombay 2. The subjects to be discussed are Rationing and Statutory Reduction, Auctioning of liquor licences, Advisory Committees, Propaganda etc.

NEW YORK

New York, April 1.

The New York cotton futures market opened at a decline of 3 points. There was marked absence of buying influenced by reports of favourable weather. At about noon prices recorded a sharp break of 34 points owing to increased selling pressure stimulated by weakness of the Stock Exchange. In the afternoon prices rallied partially under short covering and the market closed at a decline of 21 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices were deduced by 20 points to 20.75c.

The New Orleans futures market ruled easy and closed at a decline of 15 to 17 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 17 points to 19 58c.

The market is healthy after recent long liquidation. In view of the next consumption report which is likely to be bullish, we favour buying in all declines.

Private Cables:—

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables from New York:—

28 March:—

July highest 20.23 (2 56 p.m.) lowest 20.06 (11-50 a.m.).

1st April:—

July highest 20.17 (at the opening) lowest 19.86 (11-51 a.m.) New York market declined in sympathy with weakness in Stock Exchange.

Messrs. Langley & Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:—

Market healthier owing liquidation following weakness stocks and expectation increased acreage. Think mills generally fairly well covered. Technical position strong but market inclined take profits on advances.

Messrs. Thomas & Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool:

Credit stringency and good weather affecting coton.

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, April 1.

	Bales.
Day's deceipts at all U.S. Ports	23 000
,, exports to Great Britain	23,000
,, ,, to the Continent	12,000

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, April 1.

Demand Bills 184.62

POSTAL NOTICE

—:o:—

INDIA-LONDON WEEKLY AIR MAIL SERVICE

The service commences from Sunday the 7th April 1929 from Karachi and the mails from Bombay for transmission by Air Mail will be closed at the Bombay General Post Office every Thursday evening.

The latest hours of postings at the Bombay General Post Office will be as follows:—

Unregistered correspondence 6.00 p.m. (Thursdays).

Regd. correspondence. 5.00 p.m. (Thursdays).

(No parcels. No insurance).

The service is available for Iraq, Palestine, Egypt and United Kingdom and the Countries the route for which lies through London. Letters, registered and unregistered postcards and packets addressed to the above mentioned places will be accepted for despatch.

These articles, should, in addition to the usual postage be prepaid with Air Fee at the rate of 3 annas for Iraq, 4 annas for Palestine and Egypt and 6 annas for United Kingdom "for every half ounce or part of that weight."

Articles intended for transmission by weekly India-London Air Mail Service should be clearly superscribed By India. London Air Mail" or should bear a blue Air Mail Labbel which is available at the Post Office.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, China and Japan per S.S. "Seiyo Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 4 p.m. on Thursday the 4th instant.

RESCUE HOME ENDOWMENT FUND

—:o:—

RESPONSE TO APPEAL

Lady Tata, Presicent Bombay Presidency Women's Council writes:—I shall be obliged if you will kindly publish in your paper the following statement of monies received in response to the Appeal made by the Bombay Presidency Women's Council on behalf of their Rescue Home Endowment Fund, as well as at the Entertainment held at Esplanade House on the 18th March for the current expenses of the Home:

By Donations collected by the Donations Committee up to date.	Rs.	31,500 0 0
By Proceeds from the Sale.	Rs.	2,455 0 0
By Donations collected by the Sale Committee.	Rs.	763 0 0
By Donations collected by the Refreshment Committee.	Rs.	207 12 0
By Tickets for Refreshments.	Rs.	99 0 0
By Tickets for Entrance	Rs.	821 0 0
By Tickets for Variety Entertainment.	Rs.	426 4 0
By Proceeds from the Bridge Tournament.	Rs.	2 000 0 0

INCORPO... AC...

Boycott For...

U. P. LIP...

ent...

LUCKN...

The Provincial Liberas... Dr. Besant presiding, h... ed sitting to-day and di... resolutions the most ar... which was moved by Si... Sapru and it ran as follo...

(a) This Conference ... viction that no scheme ... al reform which falls sh... sible Government with ... Dominion for India wh... requirements of the co... ffy the national self-res...

(b) This Conference ... anything in the nature ... the present highly ... Constituion, or even Pr... nomy without Respons... Government will not be ... any section of progressive ... nion.

(c) This Conference des... the British Government ... ment should take note of ... ing dissatisfaction of the pe... dia with their present sta... pendence and the growing ... ment between the peoples an... Government and for the sake ... cable relations between the ... tries no less than for the pr... contentment and happiness ... dians no time should be lost ... tablishing Dominion Self-gov... in India.

(d) This Conference warml... mends the scheme of constit... self-governing India on the ba... Dominion Status drawn by th... Committee to which the Confe... cords whole-hearted support ... urges that the scheme shall be ... porated in an Act of Parliamen... earliest possible time.

"I AM AFRAID I SHALL D... INDEPENDENCEWALLA."

Seconding the resolution ... Jagatnarain, ex-Minister, said ... his opinion the question of ... dence was an academic issue ... sent and perhaps it was not ev... tical political proposition. Bu... the same time if Government ... mend its ways, if it did not ch... methods, and if its attitud... wards Indian national aspirati... mained unchanged as ever "I a...

Total Rs. 39,0...

Of this total amount approx... Rs. 32,000/- will be invested f... Endowment Fund and Rs. 7,000/- ... for the running expenses of the ... Home.

The Committee of the Bombay ... ency Women's Council desire to ... their very grateful thanks to all who ... so willingly towards realising this ... some sum and to all those who ... to make the Entertainment such a ... financially. They also here wish to ... their sincere thanks to the Pr... English and Vernacular, for ... printing notices and appeals in ... on their behalf from time to ti...

Don't...
There is no... ashamed of... is her natu... complexion; remove the... tissue clogg... only waitin...
A-BEA...
Science has... Wax, which, ... dissolves awa... dried-up cutic... neath pure an...
Get some fro... and note the ... a few days. DOES NOT co... complexion, and ...
Obtai...

...SAULT ON] ...OR

...IS SENTENCED AT ...URT SESSIONS

...nd Suleman Jiwa two ...ere sentenced to 7 years ...pectively by the Hon. ... Ram at the High ...r a murderous assault ...ji Parmar editor of ...ekly "Kutch Sudarshan", ...t in his paper had written ...cising H. H. the Aga ...voked the two accused ... at Chinch Bunder Road ...r last.

...imously found both the ..., but recommended the ... in view of his young

... BY HIGH COURT

...UFFICIENT EVIDENCE

...Criminal Sessions of the ...urt, before the Hon. Mr. ... and a common Jury one ...ne was placed on the ... casual interference ...r of Nature (377 I.P.C.) ... confinement (342 I.P.C.) ... section (379 I.P.C.)

... Tarapore Bar-at-Law ap... ...rown.

...as undefended.

...he case were put before ...e Crown Counsel Mr. K. ... in his opening address ...cused met the boy Jai... ...ha who came to Bombay ... employment. Then the ...im to get service for the ... to his room and commit... ...fence, and also deprived ...y by wrongfully confining ... and also committing the ...er chain of the boy and ... a Marwadi. After the ...the complainant who did ... story of the prosecution, ...s a very great measure of ...nce. His Lordship ask... ...E. Tarapore the Crown ...ould proceed with the

... Counsel agreed with ... that there was no ... the Jury, but wanted to ...ocate-General and the ...or. The Advocate-Gene... ...e case, and His Lordship ...charged the accused and ...dital. Then the question ... should get the property ...Exibit A in the case.

...ounsel then examined the ...iwal) as the articles were ...m. The Counsel then ...ordship to dispose of the ... Chain) in accordance ...ment of section 517 Cr. ... Lordship passed orders ...His Lordship at the termi... ...ase said that the Crown ...ed in a fair and frank ...ving the charge.

...MEN'S STRIKE

...:o:...

... of the B. B. & C. I. Rail... ...headed by Mr. F. J. ...ed the office of the Agent, ... Rly. On Thursday (28th ... strike of the gangmen ...ttled on the Agent agreeing ... grievances of the gangmen ... regarding the revision

...e arrangement arrived at ...gent and the Deputation ...y the Managing Committee ...The gangmen were advised ...e work which they did ... next day.

...st Cotton ...uotations

...:o:...

...otton Telegraphic Informa...

MAY.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 2.

...ing Rate	20.58
...ming Rate	20.55
	—.03
...ing Rate	20.56
	—.02
...ctations Rs. 354	8 0

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, April 2.

...ing Rate	10.73
...ming Rate	10.72
	—.01
...ing Rate	10.56
	—.17

SILVER MARKET

...:o:...

London April 2.

	25 15 0
	Unchanged.
...rd	26 0 0
	Unchanged.

...ket:—Steady.

...MBAY PRICES:

Bombay, April 2.

...t	59 4 0
...nt	59 1 0
...t	59 1 0

LOVE-ROMANCE OF THE TAJ MAHAL

...:o:...

"SHIRAZ" FOR SECOND WEEK AT THE EMPIRE

In deference to public request, Madan Theatres Ltd., are running the beautiful screen-drama "Shiraz" for another week at the Empire Theatre. It depicts the romantic legend about the Taj Mahal of Agra, built by the Moghul Emperor Shah Jehan in memory of his beloved wife Mumtaz Mahal from the model designed by a potter's son; who had been loving and worshipping her ever since his father rescued her as a child from the desert-bandits. Though produced by the British Instructional Films Ltd., of London, the picture is entirely enacted in India by an exclusively Indian cast numbering about 10,000 people, under the expert German Director, Mr. Franz Osten. The story is written by Mr. Niranjan Pal, son of the wel-known Bengali patriot Mr. Bipin Chandra Pal.

INTERNATIONAL POPULARITY.

The picture which has won international reputation and popularity is now being simultaneously shown in Germany under a different name; and at Calcutta it is still drawing crowded audiences even after a four weeks' continuous run. It was equally successful in London where it was shown sometime ago.

A special attraction of the film is the famous Indian screen—star, Miss Sita Devi who comes from a cultured and respectable family of Bengal. She attracted attention as a talented artiste at the age of 15 when she made her 'debut' as "Gopa" (Goutama's wife) in the famous picture "Light of Asia" about three years ago, which also had won international reputation.

Among the other stars of "Shiraz" may be mentioned Mr. Himansu Roy of Bengal who was also prominently associated with the "Light of Asia", Mr. Charu Roy and Miss Enakshi Ram Rau, an educated lady of good family from the South, who plays the leading role of Salima, the future queen, with grace and dignity.

The value of the picture is enhanced by the beautiful scenic effects, the delicate architecture of the royal palaces being shown with remarkable clearness. It is noteworthy that no studio construction or artificial light was used in this picture.

This is the last week of the film which, contrary to the usual practice with regard to other films, will not be repeated at the Empress Cinema.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

...:o:...

ACREAGE AND CONDITION FORECAST

New York April 2.

Miss Giles has issued a report which foreshadows on increase in acreage from 2 to 3 p.c. and in delay in crop from 2 to 6 weeks.

NATIONAL FLAG SALUTATION CEREMONY SANTA CRUZ

The National Flag Salutation Ceremony was performed on Sunday the 31st ultimo at 8 a.m. at "Krishna Kutir" (Sjt. J. K. Mehta's Residence) with great enthusiasm. A sufficiently large crowd had gathered to witness the ceremony including a contingent of the local Youth League members of both sexes.

SIGNIFICANCE OF NATIONAL FLAG.

Sjt. J. K. Mehta before unfurling the flag made a brief speech touching the significance of the tri-coloured National Flag and the importance in observing last Sunday of every month as the Flag Salutation day. He also appealed to the public of Santa Cruz to muster strong on such occasions when impressive processions could be arranged. He then unfurled the flag amidst cries of "Vande Mataram", "Mahatma Gandhi-ki-Jai", "Bharat Mata-ki-Jai", "Hindu-Mussalman-ki-Jai".

Miss Sarala G. Trivedi then sang "Vande Mataram" while the whole audience saluted the Flag in reverence. The meeting then dispersed with cries of "Vande Mataram".

NATIONAL WEEK CELEBRATION AND KHADI BAZZAR.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee a Khadi Bazaar will be held during the National Week. Also Public meetings will be held during the National Week on different subjects to carry on the Congress Programme and to celebrate the National Week. Stalls will be supplied free of charge. Time, place and names of speakers will be announced later on.

OLD MAN DROWNED ACCIDENTALLY

On Monday morning the dead body of Cooverji Framji Jeejeebhoy (65) was found floating in the sea at Ballard Pier. The coroner held an inquest when evidence was led to show that the deceased was in the habit of going to Ballard Pier to say prayers. Accidentally he slipped his foot and fell into the sea. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

PIR AND AMIR AT VARIANCE

...:o:...

SERIOUS DIFFERENCES

...:o:...

BRITISH TRYING TO ENCAMP ARMY IN AFGHANISTAN

PESHAWAR CITY, April 1.

The Afridis and the Mohmands are reported to be busily engaged in negotiations. According to the latest information nine prominent Afridis paid a visit to Gundakhel to meet the Mohmands and formulate their policy with regard to Afghanistan. Gundakhel is thus the centre of all hopes for the Pathans. The British Government it is said contemplate possession of Toragundeh and have been attempting to encamping their army there in this connection.

PIR AND AMIR SEPARATE.

They first requested the Nawab of Dir to give them permission therefor. But the Nawab referred them to Abdulmatin Khan, a dignitary of that place, who flatly refused to comply with the Government's wishes. It is rumoured that Pir Saheb of Sorbazar and the present ruler of Kabul are at variance and the said Pir has left Kabul along with his family in view of the grave nature of his differences with the present ruler and his friends. Details however are being anxiously awaited in this connection.—Free Press

PESHAWAR MASS MEETING PRAYS FOR AMANULLAH

...:o:...

MAULANA TAKES TO HEELS

PESHAWAR, April 1.

(Censored).

A provisional Provincial Congress Committee was formed here this morning. This was followed in the afternoon by a procession which terminated at Shahi Bagh after parading through the principal bazaars.

A mass meeting was held at Shahi Bagh under the presidentship of Maulana Khoidadgul which passed a resolution strongly protesting against the recent arrests of Labour leaders. The meeting dispersed after praying for Amanullah's success amidst shouts of "Alla Ho Akbar" and "Long Live Amanullah".

When the meeting was breaking up, a certain Moulana believed to be an anti-Amanullian was hissed at continuously and the Maulana had to jump into a tonga and escape from a hostile mob.

The meeting again formed itself into a procession and proceeded to the Canal Bank where a bonfire of foreign cloth was witnessed.—A. P.

TURKISH MILITARY MISSION

RETURNS HOME FROM KABUL

LONDON, April 1.

Constantinople.—The Turkish Military Mission led by General Kiazim Pasha which was sent to Kabul to help to train Amanullah's forces which arrived at Kabul after Amanullah had vacated the throne returned to Turkey to-day by aeroplane via Russia.—Reuter.

...:o:...

PHYSICAL CULTURE DEMONSTRATION UNDER CONGRESS AUSPICES

Under the auspices of the G Ward Congress Committee, Dadar, a public demonstration of physical culture was held on Sunday evening in pursuance of the decision of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress. The Om Samarth Bharat Vyayam Mandal and the Matunga-Mahim Vyayam Mandal co-operated with the Congress Committee in making the demonstration a great success. Among others the lathi play, lazim, Bhala, weight-lifting, pole jump, etc., were much appreciated by the vast audience.

The wrestling by some Bhayyas of the Matunga-Mahim Mandal was also highly commended. The demonstration came to a close with the singing of the National Anthem.

The President of the Congress Committee spoke a few words on the significance of the demonstration and exhorted the audience to support the Mandals both financially and by sending their sons and brothers for physical exercise.

THE ENGLISH PLAYERS

...:o:...

SUCCESSFUL SEASON AT OPERA HOUSE

The English Players Company brought their successful season to a close in Bombay in their farewell performance on Tuesday night of Noel Cowards' "Easy Virtue". It is not an easy piece of work to stage creditably, this brilliant trag-comedy of Mr. Cowards' but Miss. Beryl Sidney and Miss Mildred Carlton, on whose interpretation of the parts of Larita and Sarah depended the success of the play managed to reach a high standard indeed. Mr. Walter Hunt and Miss Hilda Dorington as the patient Colonel and his exacting wife played very capably and were ably supported by the other members of the cast.

Under the Clock

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1929.

The spokesman for the Anglo-Indian community in the Legislative Assembly naturally finds it hard to relish the fact that even Anglo-Indians have to suffer from the notorious doctrine of "skin-rights" which is seen in operation in this country. He asked the Army Secretary whether Government were aware that at the Lovedale Lawrence Military School Anglo-Indian children found it extremely difficult to gain admission unless they had a fair complexion.

* * * * *

It will be noticed that Government gave no direct denial to the complaint of Colonel Gidney. All that Mr. Maeworth Young vouchsafed to reply was that at the school in question thirty per cent of the pupils were Anglo-Indians and that the authorities welcomed them.

* * * * *

Mr. Neogy's cutting in with a query whether Indians were admitted to this school could not have been relished by the gallant Colonel.

* * * * *

On being told in the official reply that the Lovedale School was reserved for Europeans and Anglo-Indians Mr. Neogy quietly made the effective retort "I thought Anglo-Indians claimed to be Indians".

* * * * *

The Anglo-Indians can certainly not have it both ways. They can't claim to be "statutory natives of India" for the purpose of securing jobs under Indianisation and assert that they are not Indians when it does not suit them.

* * * * *

The Editor of this journal has received a pathetic letter from a citizen of Allahabad "Please save my life", he says, "I am in very great danger".

* * * * *

The correspondent has promised a contribution to a local fund and desires the Editor B.C. to realise the amount from the Head Master of a school he names.

* * * * *

The Editor B.C., I understand, regrets he cannot function as saviour to this citizen of Allahabad.

* * * * *

Tom—"It was a case of love at first sight with me".

Jack—"Then why didn't you marry her?"

Tom—"I saw her again on several occasions."

HOCKEY

...:o:...

AGA KHAN TOURNEY

CUSTOMS BEAT BHUSAWAL.

On Tuesday evening the Customs beat the G. I. P. Rly. Institute team from Bhusawal by five goals to nil. The Railwaymen began well and in the early stages of the game kept their opponents penned up in their own twenty-five, but the Customs settled down and turned the tables on them. The first half, however, produced only one goal, Conlan scoring a little before half-time.

Resuming the game after the interval the Customs asserted themselves and had matters all their own way. Milne netted two successive goals with really fine shots, Jagat Singh banged the fourth one in at close quarters, and Feroze Khan obtained the last when he followed up well during a short corner.

The Result:—

CUSTOMS ..... 5 goals

G. I. P. RLY. INST. BHUSAWAL nil.

The teams were:—

Customs:—Coulton, R. Thornber and Potts; Brewin, Dique and Kher Singh; K. Thornber, Milne, Feroze Khan, Jagat Singh and Conlan.

G. I. P. Rly. Inst. Bhusawal:—MacMoran; Grsham and Smathers; Daniels, Tolster and De Bugh; De Souza, Gotting, Bowers, Cox and Aidic.

Referees:—Hammond and D'Souza.

TO-DAY'S MATCH.

Goa Portuguese Association, Karachi vs. G. I. P. Rly. Mech. Inst.

YOUTH LEAGUE SWADESHI BAZAR

...:o:...

LOOK OUT FOR OPENING DAY ON APRIL 6

The Bombay Youth League will celebrate the National Week by holding a Swadeshi Bazar from April 6 in Jinnah People's Memorial Hall. A number of interesting and instructive attractions will form a special feature of this National Fair, which the organisers hope, will carry home the message of Swadeshi to every visitor.

A special stall will display specimens of the handicrafts of the so-called "untouchable" boys and girls. Proceeds from this stall will go towards the running of the Walpakhady School run by Youth League.

A box will be kept in a prominent place for collecting money for the defence and relief of the 31 arrested Comrades now in Meerut Jail.

Only a few stalls are still available for the manufacturers of genuine Indian goods.

The Youth League has also arranged to have a Volunteer at the Jinnah Hall between 8 a.m. and 10 a.m. and between 5 p.m. and 7 p.m. to give particulars that may be desired.

JUTE BOARD FOR BENGAL

...:o:...

TOKEN CUT CARRIED

CALCUTTA, April 2.

In the Bengal Council to-day by a token cut of Rs. 101 Mr. Naliniranjan Sarkar urged the desirability of having a Jute Board for improvement of jute trade industry. He said that while foreigners had made their piles, banks and merchants had fattened and the Government enjoyed the plentiful taxes derived from jute no one in authority had done anything to prevent this milchcow from running dry. All that poor ryots helped foreign consumer to force poor ryots sell at at starvation price. Thus the only action that the Government took amounted to abetting unholy conspiracy against cultivating classes. The recent experiments found a cheaper substitute for the present packing material must caution the Bengal Government to safeguard jute. From grower's side such a board was necessary. There were no well defined Jute Standard Act on the lines of the U. S. Cotton Standard Act.

Mr. G. F. Rose on behalf of the European group remarked that the interference of the Government would hamper the trade.

The Hon'ble Nawabali Chaudhury, leader of the House, said the Government were not in full agreement with the views of the Agricultural Commission that should anything serious happen to jute growing or manufacturing, it would severely hit Bengal's prosperity Behar and Orissa and Assam were also concerned.

The cut motion was then put to vote and was carried by 35 to 33 votes. Subject to this, the demand under the head 'Agriculture' was passed.—Free Press.

EUROPEANS' BID FOR LIBERTY

...:o:...

UNDERTRIAL PRISONERS ESCAPE FROM LOCK-UP

Esplanade Police Station became a centre of a great sensation on Monday evening when three European alleged to be deserters from the Army who were undertrial prisoners escaped from the lock-up and made a sudden dash for liberty. As soon as the fact was detected both the City Police constables and armed Police gave the chase. They were ultimately secured and confined in the lock-up again.

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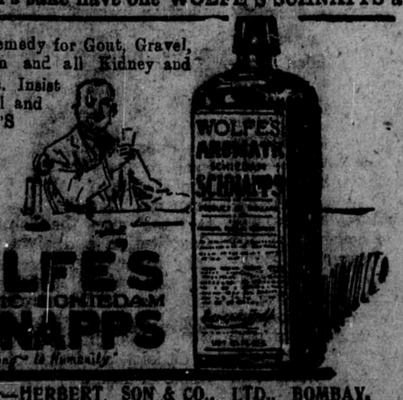

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The Bombay Chronicle.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1929.

INDIAN STATES AND SWARAJ

—:o:—

Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel's presidential address at the fifth session of the Kathiawar Political Conference at Morvi is remarkable for its plain speaking. Mr. Vallabhbhai like his Guru, is a man of strong convictions, born of his intimate first hand knowledge of the men and things he has to deal with. He not only knows the Princes and people of Kathiawar intimately, but he also loves them sincerely. It is that love which prompts his counsel. It is his genuine sympathy for the Princes that induces him to present a realistic picture of the present position of the Indian States. He does not exaggerate when he describes that position as being "lamentable" and "anachronic"; when he speaks of the States as ever being "under an unparalleled subjection" or when he refers to the Princes "living under the fear of Damocles Sword that hangs over their heads." It is true that the Princes have "unlimited powers to practice any amount of tyranny and oppression over their subjects". But says Mr. Vallabhbhai truly, "real power does not consist in filling the coffers of the States treasury by grinding people under the heavy weight of unbearable taxation or in enjoying the power to send people to the gallows. It consists in defending people under its care against all the powers of the world, and no State today can claim that 'Rajasatta' or power". If that is the position of the Princes, the plight of the people is worse. "Subjects have become lifeless, listless, penniless." A redeeming feature of the situation is that a few enlightened Princes have to some extent associated the people with themselves in the tasks of administration and have to that extent safeguarded their common interests. But on the whole Mr. Vallabhbhai is right in observing that "under the shadow of that great tree, the Empire, many a small plant—small States—have withered."

The more pertinent question is how the Princes and the people can be helped out of this pitiable plight. Mr. Vallabhbhai's answer is the same as that given by all other patriotic Indian statesmen. He says: "By making the administration responsible to the people they (Princes) can transmute the weaker States into stronger ones. There is a greater safety for the States in securing the goodwill of the people than in seeking the illusory protection of the Imperial power.....In an Empire which is based on the principle of limited monarchy it is no loyalty to hope to enjoy an unrestricted autocracy. Real loyalty lies in an imitation of the Emperor." The last sentiment should specially commend itself to the Princes, who have never stinted their loyalty to the King-Emperor. Mr. Vallabhbhai commends to the Princes the Nehru Committee's Constitution and rightly observs that "the scheme deserves a serious consideration rather than a haughty indifference." We earnestly endorse his appeal to the Princes to cooperate with British Indian leaders in the task of devising a scheme of Swaraj for the whole of India.

Mr. Vallabhbhai's appeal to the people of the States is as earnest and plain-spoken as that to the Princes. He says: "The sins of commission and omission may be innumerable, but it would not pay the subjects to merely look to and find fault with them. The people that bear oppression indirectly help the States in being oppressive. To resist oppression is the sacred duty of the people. They who forget their Dharma (Duty) have no business to find fault with the State." "A State is powerless", he adds, "against a united people. But where the people are not awakened and fearless, much patience and restraint are needed. Impatience and hate might do more harm than good." He, therefore, commends to the people a programme of action that would organise and unite the people and enable them to resist oppression whenever necessary. It is practically the same as the constructive programme of the Congress, the same that has proved its potency in Bardoli. Mr. Vallabhbhai naturally places the Charkha in the forefront of his programme, as there are great facilities for Khadder work in Kathiawar. Kathiawar has the distinction of giving birth to Mahatma Gandhi. It may earn now the distinction of helping him most in winning Swaraj for itself and British India.

SERIOUS IMPEDIMENT TO SWARAJ.

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The Calcutta session of the Congress having recommended that "measures shall be taken to rid the country of social abuses", the Bengal Provincial Conference took up the question of caste and after prolonged deliberation passed a resolution by an overwhelming majority urging the removal of all caste distinctions. Sir P. C. Ray, speaking on the resolution, said that he was waging a ceaseless war against caste. Mr. Sen Gupta and several others declared caste to be a serious impediment to Swaraj and a "Depressed" class representative warned that unless caste was abolished, "a social revolution was bound to sweep them". The U. P. Conference was more definite in its resolution on caste and recommended not only inter-caste dining but also inter-caste marriages. The Hindu Maha Sabha has not yet gone so far but the Surat session has resolved to allow equal rights to the Untouchables even in public temples. News comes now that the Devasthanam Committee at Erode has resolved to open all temples under the Committee to all Hindus regardless of caste distinctions. All these events are but a few of the signs of the rapid disappearance of caste from India and one can reasonably hope that this serious impediment to Swaraj will soon disappear.

AN ANAEMIC REVIEW.

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The belated appearance of the "Bulletin" of the "Iran League" has some compensatory features. Again a combined two-months number is isued by the Alan Press. For the first time in a publication issued by the Parsis there is an attempt at scientific evaluation of the social fabric under pre-Moslem Persia. Ordinarily any subject of the period is treated by some Parsi scholars in extravagant terms. The study of the position of "Woman in Sasanian Law" by the late Prof. Bartholomme cannot lightly be brushed aside, as fiction invented by the Greeks and Romans who were at perpetual war with the Persians. For, this very interesting article has its basis wholly in a Pahlavi text-book and is the fruit of the labours of an impartial German investigator who was a devotee of science and not a propagandist. The translation of the said Pahlavi work has been undertaken by the Bombay Parsis, but not yet published,—for reasons unknown to the curious public. We hope that this highly valuable article by a competent authority will not, like so many others in this periodical, appear without the second half. The complaint that the University of Bombay has neglected the publication of the Wilson philological lectures, especially those delivered by a savant like Prof. Margoliouth, is by no means unwarranted.

If the Parsis and especially the "Iran League" are serious about the aims and objects set out by their various associations in connection with Persia, their organ ought to be more regular and certainly less jejune in quality. The Persian section, however, is as learned as the subject of relations of Parsis with Persia demands. There are more illustrations than usual, but the Bulletin requires to be made pictorially still more attractive. More blood, more body, are needed to make the "Bulletin" a periodical to reckon with.

AYURVED VERSUS MOD... WESTERN MEDICI...

VALUE OF INDIGENOUS ...

(By D. V. Sandu, Bombay).

In my previous article under the above heading as published in your well-known paper sometime back, I tried to reply to the attacks of Ayurved by "Diogenes". In the present article I shall try to meet some more attacks on Ayurved from some other quarters.

When the East India company tried to adopt, say the critics, the prevailing indigenous system he attempt was a hopeless failure.

GLIMPSE INTO THE PAST.

History tells us a different story. Dr. Tytler was appointed the Superintendent of the Native Medical institution (Medical Classes in the Madrassa and in the Sanskrit College of Calcutta) in 1826. Here Dr. Tytler began his lectures on medicine according to the western method, while professors were appointed to teach the Eastern systems of medicine. Classes for Ayurvedic students were well attended and students handled bones of the human skeleton and dissected animals.

FIRST HOSTILE MOVE.

In 1833 Lord William Bentinck, the then Governor-General, appointed a committee for the revision of the whole question of Medical Education in Bengal. Dr. Tytler was for continuance of the system in vogue, but it was decided by the committee that the Medical classes in the Sanskrit College and the Madras should be abolished (1834).

In the beginning of January 1835 Government ordered the abolition of the Native Medical Institutions and the Medical College of Bengal was established in the next month (February 1835).

So after a very brief trial (1826-34, the teaching of Indigenous Medicine in State-aided medical institutions was abolished, for the furtherance of Modern Western Medicine in Bengal and India. It is therefore wrong to conclude that the Indigenous System of Medicine 'proved a hopeless failure".

With the introduction of Western civilization and Western Education the Western educated class of Indians became dazzled and became great admirers of everything Western and decried everything Eastern. The dazzle is over and we are beginning to realise that Modern Western Medicine, unmodified and without incorporating what is best in the Indigenous Sys-

tem, is ill-suited ... needs of Modern ...

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M. A. DEGREE BY THESIS

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SOME PRACTICAL SUGGESTIONS

(BY DR. S. V. KETKAR, M.A., Ph.D.)

In order to induce the spirit of original research the least thing a University can do is to be prepared to recognize it. The Bombay University has started the experiment of accepting a thesis in place of a written examination. This experiment is going on for some years. Some persons have been awarded M.A., M.Sc. degrees in science. The History Board also has accepted the same method, with good results, more than a score of scholars having received degrees in this way. The dissertations which the candidates have presented in the Department of Sociology and Economics show that they have done work of very superior character. It is a pity that dissertations that are produced are not published. Many of them, if they are published, will raise the University in the opinion of scholars all over the world. Some of the dissertations which are presented for the M.A. degree at the Bombay University are in no way inferior to the the dissertations that are offered for the Doctors' degree in English and Continental Universities. The Bombay University must be congratulated on the excellent results and for the men they have got as teachers in the Department of Sociology and Economics. The credit of the excellent dissertations which the candidates have presented belongs to the teaching staff as well as to the hard-working candidates.

Publication of dissertations should be done more generously than now. Published material will enable the general public to understand the character of the work which the University is doing and thus the University will be taking the public also in confidence. If there is some excellence in the work produced by the scholars the public has no chance to see it, but if a larger number of dissertations are published, more people in the Senate will be able to form an opinion about the merits of the social and economic investigation which our young men are doing. I must say that the young men are doing the work with a great deal of industry and fervour.

PUBLISHING THE THESIS.

I think the University should make a rule of publishing every thesis. If a thesis is worthy of a Masters' degree it certainly is worthy of publication. Published dissertations will be useful in another way. They will be a guide to the referees, who are recruited from outside. The outside referees do not know the standard that is expected of a candidate and so they do not know even how to grade the thesis before them. One of the referees in a recent case, it ... had praised the candidate' ... deal and gave the thesis a ... class, greatly to the disappo... teacher. Much can be sai... custom of taking an outside ... If the University cannot tr... ers so absolutely as to awa... their exclusive recommenda... versity should at least help ... who come as referees to ... The outsider referee has not ... of other candidates and so h... to guide his judgment. By ... the dissertations which are ... cepted then he will be able ... independent opinion. Otherwise ... go entirely by the opinion of the ... examiner and thus defeat the pu... which the University engages his

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"FRIENDS OF ...

(By N. ZOL...

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All these various orga... reduce to the following ...

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ENT PATEL'S BOMBSHELL

Before Meerut Verdict !

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PUBLIC INTERESTS ...atel's statement re... Safety Bill, Mr. ... he would place the ...President before the ... for consideration but ... it would be dangerous ...ts that further con... should be postponed. ...marked that he would ...f the Government be...g.—

... shall not be allow...g on any motion ... any other measure, ...ter of fact on which ...ing. To put it ...s not allowed to re... any matter which is ...ground that any ... discussion might ...ding case. The ... arises whether it ... house to discuss ...e Public Safety Bill ... Select Committee ...sideration without ...cussing any of the ...sub judice in the ...ink there can be no ... real debate on the ... without an exten... discussion of most ... are sub judice. In ... of the opinion that ... matters that could ...ssue involved in the ...else would strictly ...ant, but under the ...ove referred to, the ...und to rule out all ...

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BRITISH SOCIALISTS UNDER LASH

Whitley in Critical Mood

I. L. P. FOR NATIONALISATION OF COTTON INDUSTRY

LONDON April 2.

Among the resolutions passed by conference of Independent Labour Party was one favouring nationalisation of cotton industry in order to eliminate parasites thereon and urging the incoming Labour Government to fix national minimum wage.

Ex-Minister Wheatley bitterly complained about mere lipservice to Socialism while glibly talking about socialisation of heavens, earth and waters below. But when it came to the important question of taking two or three millions for distributing them to two sections of society Socialists found insurmountable obstacles in their way. This was referred to in connection with equalising inequitable present conditions as between producers and others, labour and capital.

Mr. Whitley concluded by saying they had gone far enough in the direction of Liberalism and time had now arrived when they should pay attention to economic issues.—Free Press Beam Service.

MR. MAXTON ELECTED CHAIRMAN FOR FOURTH TIME

LONDON, April 2.

Mr. Maxton was re-elected Chairman of the Independent Labour Party for the fourth successive year. Mr. Fenner Brockway replaced Sir Oswald Mosley as one of the four National representatives on the Council.—Reuter.

FIGHTING IN CHINA

Rebels Defeated

CIVILIANS AS COOLIES AND GRAVE DIGGERS

LONDON, April 1.

Chefoo.—Severe fighting has been proceeding between General Changtaung Chang's forces and the Nationalist forces in the vicinity of the strongly walled city of Ninghaichow where the Nationalist Commander has rallied the remainder of his forces. The Nationalists sallying from Ninghaichow seriously defeated the beseigers, killing 2,000.

General Chang is planning a determined effort to carry the city during night-time by the mediaeval operation of escalade. He is commandeering scaling ladders, hooks and lanterns and is sending out Press gangs to rope in the civilians who will be sent to the front as coolies and grave diggers. Thousands of villagers are flocking in fearing, looting and assault by the rebel soldiery.—Reuter.

NATIONALIST ADVANCE

GUNBOATS BOMBARD ENEMY POSITION

LONDON, April 2.

Shanghai.—The Nationalist Headquarters announce that the Government troops have captured Hwangchow, 20 miles from Hankow, on which they are rapidly advancing.

Admiral Chenchaokwan reports that gunboats are bombarding enemy positions in Yanglo and a squadron is advancing to Hankow to cut off Wuhan retreat across the Yangtse.—Reuter.

BRIGANDS ACTIVE

LONDON, April 2.

Peking.—A message from Swatow says that brigands have captured Tingchow in south-west Fukien and destroyed the London Missionary Society's premises there.—Reuter.

B. I. DELEGATION MEANS BUSINESS

£ 100,000 ORDER FROM SOVIET RUSSIA SECURED.

LONDON, April 2.

An order from Soviet Russia for cotton-mill machinery to the value of £100,000 is stated to have been secured by representatives of Messrs. Platt Brothers, Oldham, who are members of the British Industrial Delegation now in Russia.—Reuter's Special.

Erode.—At a meeting of the Devathanam Committee held here on Saturday it was resolved to open all temples under the Committee's jurisdiction to Hindus regardless of caste distinctions.—Free Press.

MR. KHADILKAR HAND-CUFFED AND TAKEN TO SABARMATI

Books and Papers Not Allowed in Bombay Jail

Sjt. Krishnaji Prabhakar Khadilkar, the Editor of the well-known Marathi daily "Nawakal", who has been sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2,000/- on a charge of sedition, was removed, on Tuesday afternoon, from the Arthur Road gaol in Bombay to the Sabarmati gaol near Ahmedabad. Sjt. Khadilkar was brought handcuffed to the Grant Road Station and was muddled in a third class compartment of the "Ahmedabad Passenger".

Practically the whole editorial staff of the "Nawakal" including Mr. Y. K. Khadilkar, the present Editor of that paper, was present at the Grant Road Station to see the veteran patriot off. It was, indeed, most shocking to the staff of the "Nawakal" and also to a number of people whom the news of Mr. Khadilkar's transfer to another jail had brought to the station to see the old man securely hand-cuffed and put unceremoniously in a third class compartment of a passenger train.

NOT DOWN HEARTED.

The harshness of the procedure becomes at once patent when it is remembered that Sjt. Khadilkar has been sentenced to a term of only simple imprisonment. Whatever the hardships, the spirit of this patriot is indomitable in the highest degree. That genial smile of his was all the while flickering on his lips. His face wore an unmistakable expression of courage and determination worthy of a true patriot. The staff of the "Nawakal" and other persons present at the station bade good-bye to Srijut Khadilkar and returned to their places with their hearts heavy with a sense of bitter indignation at the humiliating treatment accorded to a man of his ege and distinction.

It is understood that Mr. Khadilkar was given bad and insufficient food and it was only after the jail doctor had seen him on Monday that he recommended milk to be given to him. He was denied the use of books and newspapers inspite of repeated demands.

Mr. Khadilkar's friends including Mahatma Gandhi have wired about his transfer to Sabarmati jail and it is expected that they will see him on reaching Ahmedabad.

CORRUPTION IN BRITISH ELECTIONS

M. P'S. WHO ARE "GILDED POPINJAYS"

LONDON, April 1.

Important resolutions have been adopted at the session of the Independent Labour Party. In view of the impending general elections the resolutions relating to Parliamentary reform engaged considerable attention.

Mr. Johnstone, M.P., moved a resolution which urged that effective steps should be taken to revise radically the Parliamentary procedure as to the speed of business and to abolish the House of Lords and to overhaul electoral machinery and to introduce drastic methods for dealing with bribery and corruption. Mr. Johnstone said that there was too much of speech-making in the Mother of Parliaments with the result that business was held up. Regarding the prevalence of corruption and bribery, Mr. Johnstone said that in his own constituency of Yarmouth cases of bribery occurred in an

(Continued in Column 6)

LABOUR LEADERS IN MEERUT JAIL

Kept in Separate Cells for Their Own Comfort !

HOME MEMBER'S ANSWER TO DEWAN CHAMANLAL

NEW DELHI, April 2.

Dewan Chamanlal put short notice questions relating to the Meerut case prisoners.

The Home Member promised to communicate the result of his enquiries regarding the question whether they were brought in third class compartments or given five annas per day as allowance for food and drink or whether 18 of the accused were kept in Cell No. 6 with no protection from the heat.

He added that the Government's information now was that the accused were confined not in cells but in under-trial barracks which were cool and well ventilated. A few of the accused were placed in non-association cells. None of the accused were now in solitary cells.

The food supplied was on the scale prescribed for all under-trial prisoners but was being supplemented by private sources. It was a fact that a number of the arrested persons were officials connected with Trade Unions.

Mr. Langford James and Mr. Mitter were engaged for the prosecution of the case, the former on 60 gold Mohurs a day and the latter on 5 gold Mohurs a day.

FOR ACCUSEDS' COMFORT!

Answering a series of supplementary interpellations of Dewan Chamanlal, the Home Member said that the barracks were cool and well ventilated. If any of the accused had any complaint it was open to him to refer to the Superintendent of the Jail or to the court. Some of the accused were put in non-association barracks for the sake of convenience and comfort.

Answering Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar, the Home Member promised to make enquiries as to whether accommodation in separate barracks was of a character which is equivalent to that provided for under-trial prisoners.

Asked whether the Government of India issued any orders to the Superintendent of the Jail to keep the accused in separate cells the Home Member said this was a matter entirely in the discretion of the Superintendent of the Jail and the Government of India had issued no orders.—A. P.

I. L. P. CONDEMNS REPRESSIVE MEASURES

PLEDGE TO WORK FOR INDIA'S SELF-DETERMINATION

LONDON, April 2.

The Annual Conference of the Indipendent Labour Party to-day carried, there being only three dissentients, a resolution condemning the alleged repressive measures in India and pledging the Party to work for the recognition of the right of self-determination for Indians.

The mover of the resolution said that the Party must watch the situation in India because they might be faced with a general election with another "Red" scare.

Mr. Fenner Brockway seconding resolution prophesied that years hence whatever the Government was in power would have to concentrate a large part of its attention on the Indian problem.—Reuter.

WORKERS CONDEMN REPRESSIVE MEASURES AGAINST LABOUR LEADERS

Railwaymen Decide Upon One-Day Strike

On Tuesday evening a huge meeting of Railway Workers was held to protest against the repressive policy started by the Government. Mr. D'Souza was in chair.

Mr. Nandurbarkar conducted the proceedings. He addressed the meeting exhorting the men not to get discouraged but to become stronger by sticking to the Union. He gave a brief account of Mr. Jhabvala's career and also read the following message which he received from Mrs. Jhabvala who recently visited Mr. S. H. Jhabvala at Meerut.

MR. JHABVALA'S MESSAGE.

"I have laboured for your organisations night and day without food and without rest. It is now your duty to organise 100 per cent before I come out. I have suffered for the poor and that suffering is joy to me. Do not be discouraged and do not feel my loss. Above all be true to me. I will lead you to freedom.

MESSAGE TO MOTHERLAND.

By suffering alone can we rise. Let learn to take delight in suffering. Christ was crucified for the sake of humanity. We have still not begun to wear the Crown of Thorns like Him, not to lift up the Cross leaving father and mother, wife and children. Before the National Week begins not one Indian shall be out of the Congress if he is the true son of the Motherland.

Sd. S. H. Jhabvala, from Meerut Jail.

Mr. V. P. Rele also addressed the meeting advising the men to boycott foreign cloth and to abstain from drink. Thereafter the following resolutions were unanimously passed:—

(1) This meeting of the Railway Workers of the G. I. P. Railway protests against the repressive policy started by the Government in arresting Mr. S. H. Jhabvala and other Labour leaders and resolves to stop work for one day as a protest against the arrest of Mr. Jhabvala and other leaders.

2. This meeting supports the resolution passed by the Managing Committee and also by the General Meeting for starting a Defence Fund for the defence of Mr. Jhabvala and other Labour leaders.

(3) This meeting resolves to boycott foreign cloth and to abstain from drink and carry on vigorous propaganda against the same.

NO NEWS OF "SOUTHERN CROSS"

MUCH ANXIETY IN AUSTRALIA

LONDON, April 2.

Sydney.—Much anxiety is felt here at entire absence of news regarding Captain Kingsford Smith and Ulm of "Southern Cross"—since they wirelessed on March 31 that they were making a forced landing. The Controller of Civil aviation thinks that they have landed at Port George, 130 miles to west of Derby, West Australia.—Reuter.

TRANSJORDANIA'S PARLIAMENT

LONDON, April 2.

Amman.—Emir Abdullah to-day opened the first elected Legislative Council of Transjordania with full ceremonial.—Reuter.

ADDRESS TO MAHATMA

DIST. COLLECTOR REFUSES SANCTION TO EXPENDITURE

BEZWADA, April 1.

The District Collector of Kistna District has written to the local Municipal Council refusing sanction to the expenditure connected with the presentation of an address of welcome to Mahatma Gandhi.—Free Press.

(Continued from Column 3)

open and unashamed manner. Money changed hands openly and anybody could get blind drunk on the election day without paying for it.

The Rt. Hon. Frederick William Jowett criticised generally the manner in which inter-party bargains were made seriously interfering with the rights of electorates. Referring to Lawyer members of the House of Commons he said when they talked to order they became gilded popinjays instead of real representatives.—Free Press.

WHO IS FATHER OF TRADE DISPUTES BILL?

—:o:—

Is Simon The Mischief-Maker?

NEW DELHI, April 2.

The Legislative Assembly met to-day after the Easter recess. The conversation in the lobbies referred to the sessions of the Muslim League and the Hindu Mahasabha held during the Easter holidays.

Mr. Bajpai replying to Col. Gidney said that the Government had recently asked the local Governments whether they would agree to the appointment of a small expert Committee to explore and define the scope of the problem of controlling the preparation and sale of medicines and drugs and also make recommendations whether any central legislation regarding the prevention of adulteration of foodstuffs was necessary. Although replies had not been received from all local Governments, it appeared that adulterated quinine was not being sold in any large scale. The Government however considered that this question should be investigated as part of the general question of the control and preparation of medicines and drugs. The problem of restricting the exercise of the profession of chemists to licensed chemists was also linked up with the latter question and would be dealt with when the replies of the local Governments were received. These problems in their bearings upon the import and export trade would be taken up for consideration after the result of the enquiry was known.—

STANDING EMIGRATION COMMITTEE.

Mr. Bajpai next moved the election of a panel of sixteen members to serve on the Standing Emigration Committee.

Mr. K. C. Roy in opposing the motion said that the constitution of the Committee was a very great handicap and he felt sure that no self-respecting member would consent to be elected in the manner suggested by the mover. The Committee was to be a purely departmental committee to advise the Department concerned and his own experience had been that the Committee was always consulted on questions of secondary importance but questions involving bigger stakes were always carried through the back door. He instanced the case of the Hilton Young Committee's Report the recommendations of which were of vital importance to India. In this case no opportunity was given to the House to discuss the report and even the Standing Emigration Committee were left in the lurch.

POLICY OF EMIGRATION.

Another case of that nature was the Cape Town Agreement itself based on the principle acceded to by the Imperial Conference of 1918 where the right of citizenship in His Majesty's Dominions were granted to Indians but what had the Emigration Committee done in the matter? Mr. Roy held it did nothing. He felt the time had come to review the whole situation which only the Legislature could do and not a purely departmental committee. The question was not only one of securing rights of citizenship to Indians in older British Dominions but also in new dominions. On the one hand, he said Ceylon was striving for Dominion Status and Burma was agitating for separation from India and on the other hand political status was undergoing a rapid change. Conditions in India were not very rosy either, for the Agricultural Commission had stated there was an increasing burden on land in this country. The question therefore was one of the future policy of emigration of Indians within and without the British Empire. Lastly, Mr. Roy said he objected to the constitution of the Committee on the principle that it should not be through selection from a panel of members and it was the function of the Legislative Assembly to be the final judge on matters affecting the future emigration policy of the Government of India.

PT. MOTILAL SUPPORTS OBJECTION

Pandit Motilal Nehru supporting Mr. Roy said he always objected to the system of indirect election. He made it clear that either on the proposed committee or on any other committee the Congress Party would not seek election if it was through selection from a panel elected by the House.

"TAKEN BY SURPRISE"

Mr. Bajpai replying said he was taken by surprise for never in his life in the House he knew of an objection taken to indirect election. On the other hand the House gave its verdict in favour of indirect election in 1924 when a debate on the question was initiated by Mr. Neogy. Mr. Bajpai said the question was one of principle and he could not off hand commit the Government to any one point of view. Replying to the criticisms of Mr. Roy Mr. Bajpai reminded the House that the Kenya Committee Report was discussed by the Emigration Committee and the question of sending a deputation to South Africa was also decided by the same committee. It was wrong to say that only questions of secondary importance were placed before the committee for discussion.

Mr. Roy:—You ought to consult the Legislative Assembly and not a purely Departmental Committee.

BACK DOOR METHODS DENIED.

Mr. Bajpai continuing referred to the Hilton Young Report and said Government had consulted leaders of important parties and he did not know in what better way they could have ascertained the wishes of the House. It was wrong to say that the Government carried the report through the back door. In regard to the publicity of the proceedings Mr. Bajpai said the House would agree with him that one slight remark by any one member could have spoiled the whole case of the Government for he reminded the House that the Governments of the Colonies were very touchy but the Government never believed in a "hush, hush" policy and if, after they had taken action, the House felt there was room for improvement, the Government would afford opportunity to the House to discuss the report. Referring to the question of emigration policy of Government of India, Mr. Bajpai said Government were not idle on the subject and they were considering the whole question but that factor enhanced the importance of electing the committee. He appealed to the House not to deprive the Government of the benefit of eliciting the opinion of the House through the proposed committee.

Mr. Fazal Rahimtullah:—Why not elicit the opinion on the floor of the House?

MR. ROY'S MOTION LOST.

The House then divided and the motion of Mr. Roy was rejected by forty-five votes to forty-one.

Sir B. N. Mitra next moved the election of a panel of twelve members to serve on the Road Committee. He said the motion was a result of the recommendations of the Road Development Committee which had proposed the election of members through a panel. The Assembly would have a further opportunity to discuss the subject when the motion for the Convention was before the House.

PANDIT MALAVIYA READY TO CO-OPERATE WITH GOVT.

Pandit Malaviya was prepared to cooperate with the Government but only on honourable terms.

Mr. Neogy whose motion in the first Assembly was responsible for the setting up of departmental committees emphasised that the Assembly had throughout stood for elected committees and not for panels of committees from which the Government were to select persons.

Mr. Jayakar, Chairman of the Road Committee, explained that the interpretation which the Government were putting on the term "Departmental Committee" was not present in the minds of the Road Committee who thought of an elected committee and not of a panel for a committee.

Mr. Chamanlal, a member of the Road Committee, endorsed Mr Jayakar's observations and stood for election in the same manner as for the Standing Finance Committee.

Sir B. N. Mitra pointed out that the Standing Finance Committee was a body composed by the Assembly while the Departmental Committee was constituted out of a panel chosen by both the Houses.

The House divided and Sir B N. Mitra's motion was defeated by a majority of one vote. 46 voting for and 47 against.

Mr. Jayakar remained neutral.

Sir B. N. Mitra on hearing the result informed the House that the consequence of the Assembly's decision was that there would be no members of the Assembly on the committee.

TRADES DISPUTES BILL.

Sir Bhupendranath Mitra moved the consideration of the Select Committee's Report on the Trades Dispute Bill. He said the Select Committee had upheld the principles underlying the Bill and made some changes in detail which he did not wholly like but he had agreed to accept these changes in the hope as a result of experience more complete machinery would be devised.

POSTPONE IT.

Mr. Chamanlal said members did not expect the Bill to be taken up today as they had all thought that the Public Safety Bill would be taken up. He suggested its postponement till to-morrow.

Mr. Jogiah also joined in this suggestion but when this was not acceptable Mr. Jogiah moved that the consideration will be adjourned till the Whitley Commission had reported. Mr. Jogiah said he would have to refer to the activities of those concerned in the Meerut case as they were connected with the Labour movement. The President said he could not allow reference to a "sub judice" matter.

Sir B. N. Mitra opposed the motion of Mr. Jogiah which when put to the vote was lost without a division.

DEWAN CHAMANLAL'S OPPOSITION.

Dewan Chamanlal opposing the Bill said while the whole trade union movement was convinced of the need for legislation for the prevention and settlement of trades disputes, it was also convinced that two extraneous principles of a penal character introduced in the Bill would far from preventing disputes make Labour disputes greater than ever. It was true that the British law on the subject contained a similar provision, but that legislation was of a temporary character which was passed in a revengeful mood because Trade Union movement had promoted the general strike. In this country there had been no threat of a general strike even. If there were why make a general strike illegal?

But the question before the House was merely this. Has such a grave situation arisen that the Bill could not be postponed even to the Simla session so that Trade Unions affiliated to Trade Union Congress might express their opinions and employers' organisations might also have an opportunity of reconsidering their views. Mr. Chamanlal challenged Sir B. N. Mitra to show whether any Trade Union affiliated to Trade Union Congress supported the measure.

Sir B. N. Mitra: I do not accept the position that the Trade Union Congress is representative of Trade Union movement in India.

Mr. Chamanlal: Why then do you accept its nomination in sending delegates to Geneva?

Sir B. N. Mitra: No.

Mr. Chamanlal:—Give me one instance during the last five years where the recommendation of the Congress had not been accepted.

Mr. Chamanlal next stated that the National Congress at Calcutta had also issued a mandate to the Congress members to oppose the Bill tooth and nail.

The House then rose for lunch.

After lunch the House resumed discussion on the Trades Disputes Bill. Sir John and Lady Simon were seated in the President's gallery while most of the members of the Provincial Committees were present in the other galleries.

LABOUR NOT REPRESENTED.

Continuing, Mr. Chamanlal said that Labour was totally unrepresented in the House and it was but fair that those whose future destiny they were going to decide should be consulted in the matter. He asked what would be the position of the Bill if theamendment against picketing was adopted by the House. Picketting, he said, was no offence in Great Britain and, to the best of his information, it was no offence in India either. If for no other reason than for eliciting opinion on the question of picketing, the Government should circulate the Bill. Mr. Chamanlal next quoted workers' opinions on the bill and said they were unanimous that the penal clauses of the Bill should be deleted as they were regarded as harsh and one-sided.

While Mr. Chamanlal was quoting opinions Sir B. N. Mitra said he had read them all to which the speaker replied that he regretted even then the Member for Labour had not moved in favour of the circulation of the Bill.

NO CASE FOR GOVT.

Continuing, Mr. Chamnlal said the Government had proved no case for rushing the bill through this session of the Assembly. Great Britain where a general strike was actually declared had not resorted to any similar measure. In India there was no occasion for the bill where there was no chance of a general strike nor was the fabric of society or State threatened with disruption.

Sir Darcy Lindsay said the stage at which to adduce the arguments which Mr. Chamanlal had done was when the Bill was referred to the Select Committee. Circulation of the Bill now would be unfair to the Select Committee. He, as President, of the Committee, assured the House that the discussions were far from acrimonious. On the other hand, he had never had the pleasure of presiding over a Committee which showed better feelings (hear, hear) and Mr. Chamanlal was given every opportunity to put forward his case which was heard with the greatest attention.

Mr. Kelkar said the motion was not dilatory, because no one's purpose would be served by such a motion. On the other hand, they had just received the Bombay Strike Enquiry Committee's report which contained very valuable matter having intimate bearing on questions dealt with by the Bill. The Committee had themselves stated that their conclusions would be of wider import and use to Government and employers. Mr. Kelkar maintanied that the essential elements in all disputes were the same. Therefore, the Bombay Strike Enquiry Committee's material was one which must be studied. He expected the Government voluntarily to postpone consideration of the bill in view of the publication of this Committee's report if not also because of the appointment of the Labour Commission.

SIMON, THE MISCHIEF-MAKER.

Continuing Mr. Kelkar told the House his conjuncture why the Government as rushing through the Bill in this session. The Government stated that the present Bill was on the model of the English Act which was passed after the general strike and in the teeth of Labour opposition. Mr. Kelkar said that it was once again Sir John Simon who played the mischief by saying that the general strike was illegal judicially which frightened Labour leaders and which gave an opportunity for the Conservative Government to pass an anti-strike legislation. There would shortly be a general election and there was some prospect of Labour coming into power. If that did happen the first thing that they would do would be to repeal that Act, which would take away the basis of the proposed Bill. This was why Government was not willing to postpone the Bill till the Simla session.

Mr. Aney felt the very fact that there were so many minutes of dissents showed that there was no unanimity of opinion and the Bill required circulation.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta criticised the Bill clause by clause and held that Clauses 14 and onward were inequitable and unjust.

Mr. Mehta thought that the real object of the Bill was to prevent political propaganda and growth of healthy trade unionism. They should penalise illegal lockouts in the same way as illegal strikes. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta had not concluded when the House rose for the day.—A. P.

PUBLIC SERVICES AND HINDUS

—:o:—

PLEA FOR INCREASED RECRUITMENT

MAHASABHA SESSION ENDS

SURAT, April 1.

The twelfth session of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha concluded to-day. The Mahasabha to-day passed several resolutions includinng one expressing feelings of brotherly love and sympathy to all Hindus, Brahmanists or Buddhists residing outside India, for instance Indo-China and to all others who in common with Indians derive their spiritual culture from the great mother culture of ancient Indian and emphasising the necessity for reviving the ancient connections between India and these countries, especially Siam, Cambodia, Java, Hindu Islands of Bali and China and Japan with a view to brotherly co-operation. By another resolution the Mahasabha authorises the Working Committee to do everything needful in the name of Hindu Mahasabha in respect of forthcoming elections to the Legislatures.

The Mahasabha also expressed wholeheartedly sympathy to the Hindus in Afghanistan over the suffering they have undergone, and are undergoing during these times of civil war and requested the Government to facilitate their removal to India.

PUBLIC SERVICES & MUSLIMS.

The following resolution moved from the Chair was unanimously adopted: In view of the fact that Muslims have been persistently agitating for larger employment of Muslims in the public services of the country, the Hindu Mahasabha draws the attention of the Government to the fact that in police services particularly in many provinces even where they are in a minority and also in military forces Muslims are recruited in large numbers quite out of proportion to their numerical strength or educational efficiency, and, therefore, requests the Government to take immediate steps to increase recruitment of Hindus in such services.

CHANGES IN CONSTITUTION.

The Mahasabha also resolved to make changes in the present constitution of the Working Committee which will hereafter consist of the President, the Working President, two Vice-Presidents, two Secretaries, one Treasurer and eleven members.

Rao Saheb Dadubhai Desai, M.L.C., Kaira District, then thanked the President who was next profusely garlanded by Dr. Raeji, Chairman of the Reception Committee amidst prolonged cheers and cries of 'Bande Mataram' "Hindu Dharam-Ki-Jai."

The President Mr. Ramananda Chatterjee in his concluding remarks thanked the Reception Committee and expressed great satisfaction at the presence of a number of Gujarati ladies. Mr. Ramananda Chatterjee is leaving Surat to-night. Dr. Moonje is leaving for Delhi this evening.—A. P.

PRESIDENT PATEL'S BOMBSHELL

Continued from previous page.

the Meerut trial one way or the other and I have, in these circumstances, decided instead of giving any ruling, to advise the Government themselves in the first instance to consider the observations I have made and the difficulties I have pointed out and postpone the Bill pending the trial or if they attach greater importance to the passing of this Bill at this juncture, to withdraw the Meerut case and then to proceed further with the Bill. (Opposition cheers. Mr. Chamanlal: "hear, hear"). I know that the consideration of this question must naturally take some little time and I have therefore decided to ask the Government to take up the consideration of the Trade Disputes Bill in the meantime.—A. P.

PRIMATE GOES TO CONTINENT

LONDON, April 1.

The Archbishop of Canterbury passed through London to-day on his way from Bognor to the Continent for a convalescent cruise in the Mediterranean in Pierpont Morgan's yacht "Corsair". He expects to visit Athens, Alexandria and Jerusalem.—Reuter.

NATIONAL FLAG HOISTING AT KARACHI

—:o:—

PERFORMED BY "PUSSYFOOT"

KARACHI, April 1.

Yesterday Mr. "Pussyfoot" Johnson performed the national flag hoisting ceremony which was conducted under the auspices of the Provincial Congress Committee. Mr. Pussyfoot Johnson urged the assemblage to hold aloft the national flag which was their national honour and liberty.—Free Press.

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LAIM IT?
lovely skin if it is
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Oatine Cream is
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CURES
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DECLARE RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT AS GOAL

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'COUNCIL FORM IS A FARCE'

SANGLI STATE PEOPLE'S CONFERENCE RESOLUTIONS

CAMP MANGALVEDHA (Pandharpur), April 2.
(From a Correspondent.)

The seventh session of the Sangli State Peoples' Conference was successfully held under Mr. Karandikar, Satara.

Resolutions were passed urging on the chief to declare Responsible Government as his goal and to remodel the Rayat Sabha into a representative institution with powers of passing the budget with the exception of the Khasgi expenditure.

PREVAILING DEFECTS.

The Sabha condemned the present composition of the High Court all the judges of which constituted the judicial. The executive functions, the council form is a mere farce with hardly any definite powers. All the councillors are merely secretaries and the system is causing inordinate delay and makes the administration thoroughly inefficient. A resolution condemned the private expenses of the Chief which consumes fifty percent. of he net revenue. The enormous expense of the civil list clearly showed that independent audit is necessary. Representative Government alone will remedy the growing evils. Resolutions urging removal of the local grievances about water supply, rail road communication, absence of primary education, and agricultural indebtedness were unanimously passed. The Conference deputed the President-elect to carry on the work of the Indian States Peoples Delegation to England where he is going shortly.

The Conference thanked the British Labour leaders the "Manchester Guardian" and other papers for their assistance. The Conference highly eulogised the work of Prof. Abhyankar as a delegate of the deputation. Nearly 1,500 agriculturists attended the Conference. The number of delegates was 150. The whole state was fully represented.

COW CHARGES PASSENGER TRAIN

—:o:—

COACHES CAPSIZE

NEW DELHI, April 2.

The Divisional Traffic Superintendent, Broad Gauge, E. B. Railway, Calcutta, wires under date to-day:—

At about 6-30 on the evening of the 1st April, while the 109 Up Passenger was running between Rupsa East and Karnapur, a cow charged into the centre of the train at mile 0/7, resulting in the derailment and capsizing of four lower class coaches which are blocking the main line. No passengers or railway servants were killed or seriously injured. One boy, 16 years old, slightly cut his lower lip. The passengers of the 109 Up and 110 Down trains were transhipped at the site. Through running is expected to be resumed at about 3 a.m. to-day.—A. P.

NORMAL WORKING RESUMED.

The Divisional Superintendent, Main Line, E. B. Railway, wires:—The main line was cleared at 6 hours to-day and normal working of trains has been resumed.

IMPROVE NATIONAL INDUSTRY OF WEAVING

—:o:—

ALL-INDIA MOMIN CONFERENCE RESOLUTIONS.

(From A Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, April 1.

The All-India Momin Conference, Allahabad, held its sittings this year under the presidentship of M. Zaheeruddin Saheb, B.A., LL.B., Aligarh, Vakil, Municipal Commissioner and Rais of Ambala, on the 30th and 31st March, 1929, on Khuro Bagh, Allahabad There were four sittings and the delegates who numbered over one thousand, came from the different provinces of India. The Punjab, U. P., Bihar and Bengal sent their delegates in huge numbers. Resolutions on education, organisation, economical and industrial impovement of their national industry of weaving and their general and social improvement and betterment were passed unanimously and these will immediately be taken up practically in very city and corner of India by a well-ordered all India organisation with provincial co-operation through deputations.

The Conference for the year 1930 has been invited by the Punjab Province and will be held in Ambala.

Further details regarding the Sunni-Shia disturbance show that an attack was made two days ago by dispossessed Shia Orakzai Kalaya—a village—in possession of Mullah Mahand Akhunzada. With Sunni Orakzais are Afridis who are said to have suffered several casualties in the latest fighting.—A. P.

A SENSATIONAL VICTORY

—:o:—

REBEL SUCCESS IN MEXICAN BORDER

400 FEDERAL TROOPS KILLED: 1,500 CAPTURED

LONDON, April 2.

New York.—According to reports from the Mexican borders the rebels have gained a sensational victory at Escalon where 400 Fedeal troops have been killed and 1,500 captured. Rebel aeroplanes are mowing down the Federal troops almost without interference.—Reuter.

KING ADDRESS HOLIDAY CROWD

—:o:—

DEMONSTRATIONS NEAR ROYAL RESIDENCE

LONDON, April 1.

Popular demonstrations by holiday crowds in the neighbourhood of Craigwell House were renewed this morning. Despite the cold and blowy weather the two miles stretch of sand from the royal residence to Bognor had been thronged with visitors long before the Knellerhall band playing on the lawn began the programme which included Tann Hauser overture (1812) selections from "Desert Song" and 'Valencia" and two harp solos by the request of the Queen. On the conclusion of music the King accompanied by the Queen walked to the Seawall where he stood barehead and smiling and addressed crowd, but the words were carried away in the strong wind and the roar of continuous cheering accompanied by the frantic wavings of hats, umbrellas, sticks and handkerchiefs. His Majesty then presented Lieutenant Adkins, conductor with a pair of guld cuff-links on which the royal initials G.M.R. were engraved, and chatted with several players before returning to the House.—Reuter.

SEARCH FOR "SOUTHERN CROSS" CREW

—:o:—

WESTRALIAN AIRWAYS SEND PLANE

LONDON, April 2.

Sydney.—The Australian Airways is sending a plane from Wyndham in search of the crew of "Southern Cross" who apparently lost their way in the blinding rain and squalls when the approaching destination after several hours of cruising and made a forced descent in a rugged and inhospitable country.—Reuter.

TROTSKY LEAVES HOTEL.

—:o:—

TWO LIVE IN PRIVATE HOUSE

LONDON, April 1.

Constantinople.—M. Trotsky has left the hotel where he has been staying and has taken up residence in a private house. It appears to indicate that he has given up the hope of soon obtaining authorisation to proceed to Germany.—Reuter.

M. BRIAND'S MESSAGE TO ENTENTE

—:o:—

LONDON, April 1.

Paris.—M. Briand has sent a message to the Entente celebrations at Cannes dwelling on the value of the *entente cordiale* in helping to maintain the peace of the world. He declares that he proposes henceforth to call it the "*Entente Fraternelle*".—Reuter.

TRIPLE RECORD FOR MARCH

—:o:—

DRIEST, COLDEST AND WARMEST

LONDON, April 1.

The April showers have ended the prolonged drought throughout the country and cold northerly winds have lowered the temperature by 18 degrees compared with Saturday. The month of March this year achieved three records. It was he driest ever known, coldest at one period for 30 years, and then warmest since 1841.—Reuter.

NEWS IN BRIEF

—:o:—

Madras.—The position regarding the strike in Choolai Mills remains unchanged. In spite of the undertaking given by workers on Saturday, the workers went back upon their word. Only 700 out of 2,200 resumed work to-day. The police are patrolling the mill area.—Free Press.

Karachi.—At a meeting held under the auspices of the local Congress Committee yesterday Pussyfoot Johnson said that prohibition in America had been a definite success and added that the only method to stop the drink evil was legislation by Government.—A. P.

BEEHIVE BRANDY
No. 1.

This Brandy is undoubtedly the **Highest Quality Brandy** obtainable at the price.

This can be had from all the **Wine Dealers** in Quarts, Flasks or Fancy Decanters.

ASK YOUR MERCHANT
to show you the new
Fancy Decanter.

Karachi Sub-Agents :—NUSSERWANJEE & Co, Karachi.
Sole Agents :—HERBERT, [illegible] & Co. Ltd., Bombay.

Drink in Health and Vitality

That's what you do when you use Sanatogen

"I am prepared to guarantee from my own personal experience, that by taking Sanatogen for a short period you will be able to tone up your cells in a way that nothing can surpass."

So writes a distinguished London physician, and he adds:

"What Sanatogen does is to go straight to the core of well-being, the cells, and to build these up into a permanent and solid fabric of Health."

Now apply this statement to yourself! Whatever your condition, Sanatogen will do you good. In no case will it interfere with medical treatment. Ask your doctor!

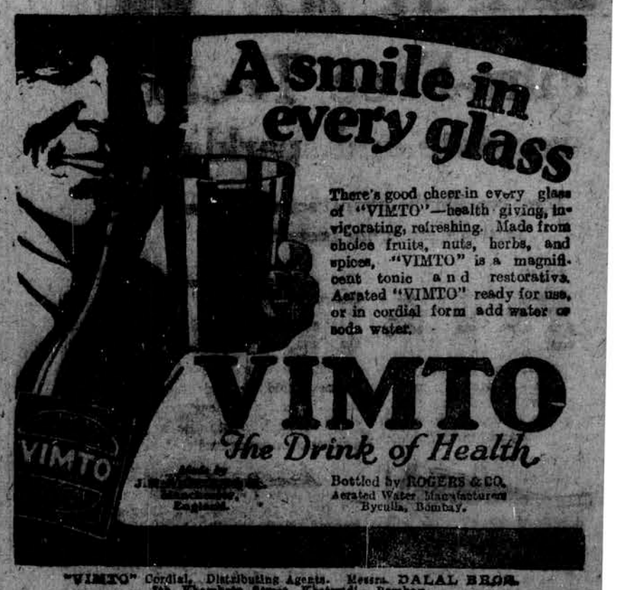
If you are nervous or convalescent after illness, Sanatogen will restore your nervous system and build up your bodily strength, safely and permanently. In a very short time you will feel stronger, healthier, and —consequently—happier.

Start taking

SANATOGEN

The True Tonic-Food

At all Chemists and Stores.



A smile in every glass

There's good cheer in every glass of "VIMTO"—health giving, invigorating, refreshing. Made from choice fruits, nuts, herbs, and spices, "VIMTO" is a magnificent tonic and restorative. Aerated "VIMTO" ready for use, or in cordial form add water or soda water.

VIMTO
The Drink of Health

Bottled by ROGERS & CO.
Aerated Water Manufacturers
Byculla, Bombay.

"VIMTO" Cordial, Distributing Agents. Messrs. DALAL BROS.
Tin, Khambata Street, Khetwadi, Bombay.

Announcement

After visiting various hospitals in England and on the Continent

Mr. BYRAM N. KHAMBATA

Specialist-in-Scientific Bonesetting

has returned from Europe and resumed his practice at
275, HORNBY RORD, FORT, - - - BOMBAY.

WHAT IS MERCKOZONE?

Merckozone is Hydrogen Peroxide "Merck" which is a preparation of exceptional purity and reliability. The market has recently been flooded with preparations of doubtful strength and purity; a special name has therefore been adopted, and all users of Hydrogen Peroxide are requested to specify **MERCKOZONE** *and accept no substitute.*

The manifold properties of Merckozone render it indispensable in every home in the treatment of wounds, its powerful antiseptic and germicidal properties promote rapid healing, as a mouth wash it wards off throat and lung affections and keeps the teeth white and clean; a compress soaked with **MERCKOZONE** will assist in removing blackheads, pimples etc., in manicure it bleaches the nails, removes stains and brightens the dull parts. In the household it is used for bleaching stains out of linen, cleaning articles of ivory and bone and for cleaning straw hats, etc.

There is nothing so valuable to the housewife as MERCKOZONE and no household should ever be without a bottle.

Issued in 4 oz., 10 ozs., and 20 ozs. patent bottles, on sale everywhere.

ASK YOUR CHEMIST FOR MERCKOZONE—
HE CAN SUPPLY IT.

AMRUTANJAN

PAIN BALM (Regd.)

CAME, SAW and CURED ALL BODILY ACHES and PAINS

Amrutanjan Depots.

BOMBAY and MADRAS.

Film-Free Teeth

are white and sparkling

They provide the utmost science knows in tooth and gum protection

DON'T believe your teeth are naturally "off color" and dull. You can restore them to amazing whiteness in a new way leading dentists advise.

Run your tongue across your teeth and you will feel a film. A slippery coating that covers them, absorbs stains, hides their color and invites tooth and gum troubles.

Ordinary dentifrices will not successfully remove it.

Now, thanks to modern science, there is a way to combat that film.

Just obtain a tube of the dentifrice called Pepsodent. Combat that film tonight; clear white teeth are beautiful. Note the amazing difference in your smile.

Accept Pepsodent Test

To prove results buy a tube of Pepsodent, the quality dentifrice—for sale everywhere. Or send for 10-day free test to Dept. I, Arnhold & Co., Ltd., 100 Clive St., Calcutta. 9-22-B

"DIVER'S LUNG" FOR SUBMARINES.

—:o:—

SAFETY APPLIANCE FOR U. S. NAVY

LONDON, April 2.

New York.—Seven hundred of the safety appliance have been ordered by the Navy which proposes to equip all submarines with it. The appliance is called "Diver's Lung" and resembles the gas-mask. Oxygen is breathed from a rubber bag strapped to the chest, exhaled air being purified again and again by caustic soda. The appliance is buoyant enough to keep the wearer afloat indefinitely. It weighs only 2-1/2 pounds.—Reuter's Special.

"MEN NEVER LEARN ANYTHING BY EXPERIENCE."

—:o:—

DICTUM OF G. B. S.

LONDON, March 31.

Mr. Bernard Shaw writing to the "Daily Express" controverts the hegelian dictum, "we learn by experience." Mr. Shaw says men never learn anything by experience and adds: "My fame neither cures headaches nor fills my belly, but gives pleasures to my admirers and is their affair not mine. Conscious happiness and pursuit of fame are pathological and very pitiable."—Free Press.

THAMBARAM SANATORIUM

—:o:—

OPENING CEREMONY BY RT. HON. SASTRI.

MADRAS, April 2.

That the opening of the Thambaram Sanatorium would be a distinct landmark in the history of the sanatorium movement in India was the hope expressed by Dr. C. Muthu in requesting the Rt. Hon. Srinivasa Sastri to open his Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Thambaram, fifteen miles to the south of Madras, before a distinguished gathering on Monday evening. A long row of neatly constructed buildings with airy rooms provided with the requisite comforts for the patients, have sprung on the extensive site since the foundation was laid a year ago. Thanks to the untiring zeal and efforts of Dr. Muthu, there are already some patients here undergoing treatment, each occupying a room while more rooms are under construction.

The Rt. Hon. Sastri in declaring the Sanatorium open, said Dr. Muthu was a professional man who had acquired eminence where eminence was hard to acquire. He came to India leaving Mendip Hill Sanatorium in England merely with a desire to give his countrymen the benefit of his extraordinary knowledge and experience. The Rt. Hon. Sastri wished the Doctor every success in his undertaking and hoped that the Madras Government and the wealthy men of the locality would recognise the greatness of the cause and talents which Dr. Muthu so unreservedly and meritoriously placed at their disposal. —A. P.

ANGLO-FRENCH "ENTENTE CORDIALE"

—:o:—

25TH ANNUAL CELEBRATIONS

LONDON, April 1.

The Entente celebrations at Cannes referred to in Paris telegram stating that M. Briand has sent message to Entente, says that the three days' fetes to celebrate the twenty fifth anniversary of the *Entente Cordiale* organised by the United Association of Great Britain and France have opened here (Cannes). British and French flags flying side by side adorn the streets. Special homage will be paid to King Edward Seventh's battleship "Ramilles" anchored on roadstead. The Duke of Connaught and Lord Derby are participating in the fetes besides many British Lords and Mayors and Lady Mayoresses.—Reuter.

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DEPRESSED CLASSES' GRIEVANCES

HEARTFELT SORROW AT LALAJI'S DEATH

SURAT, April 1.

Thousands of high caste Hindus and untouchables, both men and women, packed the Hindu Mahasabha Pandal when the third all-India Achhutodhar (Depressed-Classes Uplift) Conference met there at three this afternoon, under the presidency of Dr. Narayan Damodar Savarkar. After the Chairman of the Reception Committee, Mr. Dayalji N. Desai, had delivered his address welcoming the delegates, the Secretary of the Conference read messages of sympathy which had been received. These included one from Mr. Srinivasa Aiyengar, wishing success to the Conference.

After the presidential address had been delivered, the Conference adopted a resolution, all standing, expressing heartfelt sorrow at the death of Lala Lajpat Rai, and placing on record the Conference's sense of the loss to India in general and the untouchables in particular by his death as well as its sense of thankfulness and gratitude for his services. Among other resolutions adopted were those requesting local boards, municipalities and other public bodies to throw open schools, wells and public buildings for untouchables, urging Hindus to allow untouchables access to Hindu houses, hotels and burning grounds and expressing gratefulness on behalf of Hinduds to Mr. Jamnalal Bajaj and Raja Jayendra Mahiva for throwing open the temples under their control in the Central Provinces and Ayodhya respectively to untouchables.

Dr. Moonje left for Delhi this evening, to attend the session of the Legislative Assembly.—A. P.

SCOUTS RALLY AND PHYSICAL CULTURE FEATS

—:o:—

UNIQUE FUNCTION AT ALIBAG

ALIBAG, April 1.

At the invitation of the Kolaba District School Board, Diwan Bahadur A. K. Pai arrived here Yesterday to preside at the Annual General Meeting of the School Boa The Function commenced at 4 p.m. on the Kirdak-Bhuwan Ground on the seashore where about 20 tents were pitched for the accommodation of the Boy Scout Rally. The Scouts had come from the various par of the District. Mr. Pai was given a rousing reception by the Scouts and the public. He inspected the various Scout-Troops and them the usual programme of various feats of physical culture were shown by the Scouts and others. There were about 200 Scouts, who took part in the programme. The Collector The District Superintendent of Police, The Huzur Deputy Collector, The Divisional Forest officer and other officers at the station and a large number of people from the twon of Alibag and neighbouring places, nearing nearly a 1000 people, witnessed the various feats shown by the Scouts and the Primary School children in the District. Great enthusiasm prevailed. Never before was there such a display of feats in this town.

INDIAN AIR MAIL IN ATHENS

—:o:—

LONDON, April 1.

Athens.—The Indian air mail arrived here at 6 p.m. The Minister of Communications welcomed the occupants of the Air Mail Plane at the air-port. M. Venizelos presided over the banquet in honour of Sir Samuel Hoare in the evening.—Reuter.

UNPLEASANT EXPERIENCE

—:o:—

To The Editor of The "Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall be much obliged to you for a little space in columns of your esteemed paper. I am an anglo-Indian and as such I am debarred entrance to the swimming Baths. I had the bitter experience of being refused admission and was give to understand that the Baths were for the exclusive use of Europeans only. Sir, I do not for a moment dispute the reason for this exclusiveness, by all means remain as exclusive as they like. I have not the remotest intention of intruding, but I maintain that to have all the enjoyment and thrills of a Swimming Bath all over the City reserved erclusively only for Europeans is indeed rather hard on those of my community who are as ardent for a plunge as any one else. If such Swimming Baths were to set apart 2 hours a week (from 9 to 11 p.m.) for us: Anglo-Indians) I consider it would not be robbing much of the enjoyment of the Europeans, and I believe that the A. I. Community will be deeply indebted for this consideration: to go there with that consciousness of being turned down in the presence of people is rather an unpleasant experience.

Trusting this will catch the eyes of the management and they will oblige—Thank you.—Yours etc.,

ACQUORIOUS.

April 1.

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Dr. S. CHOWDRY, B.A.M.D., Biochemist, 77, Dhurramtala Street, M. Calcutta.

do not want to know what particular hybrid word describes their complaint." Diagnosis, they say in defense should precede cure."

If you want to cure disease by medicine "study drug action, the effect of medicine on the human body on the bed side." You must study the "specific action" of a drug on the human body.

"The two cardinal errors" of Orthodox Medicine are the classification of diseases and the classification of drugs. A particular set of symptoms is held to constitute a definite disease, with a rather narrow margin of Atypical cases—A definite name is given and it is hoped to find a drug which will prove specific for the disease".

"Orthodox Medicine has not learnt to classify drugs. Its students take into account only physical and chemical properties. To use them curatively you must study an action which is neither physical nor chemical but "specific to the vital force in the organism".

"If man were merely a physics chemical entity, the study of drugs in the orthodox way might have been secured. To study how drugs act on the human body and "not in a test tube or in the body of an animal is the A. B. C. of Medicine and Ortho[illegible]dicine has yet to learn it".

In other words modern scientific medicine obsessed with the theory of Bacteriology, has lost sight of the end view, viz. how to cure disease. practitioners pay more importance to laboratory work with the test-tube or by animal experiment forgetting that man is neither the one nor the other. They classify their diseases on the "pathology of infection" a variable factor in the same disease or symptom complex and not on the 'pathology of constitution" a fixed factor in every individual case. They forget the individuality of the patient and study war physiology and not the individual. How can they expect to find a specific drug or line of treatment when the specific cause varies but the specific effects are fixed. Yet the exponents of Modern Scientific Medicine call themselves Scientific decrying those outside their fold, who show better results in practice having clear idea of the aim in view.

Cawnpore.—The mills belonging to the Cawnpore Textiles, Ltd., which had been closed due to a strike since the March 5th, resumed normal working on Monday morning following the recruitment of new workmen on Friday and Saturday last. There was picketing led by the leaders of the Cawnpore Mazdoor Sabha, to prevent new workmen joining the Mills both on the recruiting days and this morning.—A. P.

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The Bombay Chron

BOMBAY WEDNESDAY APRIL 3 1929

"I SHALL LIVE AGAIN"

Henry Ford's Confession of Faith

"Somewhere there is a Master Mind which sends brain waves or messages to us —the brain of Mankind, the brain of the Earth."

I gazed with astonishment at the speaker —Henry Ford, a grey, unobtrusive figure. The man whose name is everywhere a household word looked at me quizzically.

"But," I objected, "the earth is only an insignificant link in the great stellar chain."

"Maybe," Henry Ford replied; "the brain of Mankind is only as insignificant part of a larger unit—the Brain of the Universe.

"What are we?"

"We, too, may be but a part of the Brain of the Universe."

He spoke quietly without emphasis. He was seated at a glass-topped desk in one of the offices of his Dearborn plant.

"Primitive peoples," Mr. Ford continued, in the same matter-of the fact tone, "had an inkling of the truth. The American Indian, for instance, worshipped a vague divinity which he called the Great Spirit.

"There is a Great Spirit, call it Creative Evolution or World Mind; call it Colective Intelligence, or call it God. This spirit determines our actions and our thoughts."

"Are you not the captain of your soul?"

"No," Henry Ford replied. "I feel that I have never done anything by my own volition. I was always pushed by invisible forces within and without me." Said Henry Ford (In an Interview by G. S. Viereck.)

LIFE IS CONTINUOUS

This self-made billionaire demands no credit for his achievements. He denies that his own will created the empire of matter over which he rules. Some voice, within or without him, prompts his every action!

"I cannot define the power that prompts men. It may be that we all have our 'genius.' The 'daemon' of Socrates may be an allegory, or it may be a name for certain institutions which man acquires in the course of a long series of incarnations. The soul gathers experience in its long pilgrimage."

Mr. Ford had confessed his faith in reincarnation on a previous occasion. I had not taken this avowal seriously. It seemed to me merely a rich man's toying with an idea that superficially caught his fancy. Until now I had not looked upon it as a vital belief animating his being and dominating his life.

"Life," Ford continued, "is perpetual and continuous. The human mind reaches back across aeons. There is such a thing as a native knowledge, a knowledge born with us, which we inherit from a previous existence.

"Faith is only the shrivelled vestige of former knowledge. Our remote ancestors knew. They possessed the knowledge that we have lost. We have lost only a memory. We say we 'have faith,' or 'we believe,' once we were able to say 'we know.' But Mankind is on the way back. Science is rediscovering the lost realities, and the gospel of reincarnation is the essence of all knowledge.

"I adopted the theory of reincarnation when I was twenty-six. I first met the idea in a book by Orlando Smith. Until I discovered this theory I was unsettled and dissatisfied.

"Religion offered nothing to the point—at least, I was unable to discover it. Even work could not give me complete satisfaction. Work is futile if we cannot utilise the experience we collect in one life in the next. When I discovered reincarnation it was as if I had found a universal plan. I realised that there was a chance to work out my ideas. Time was no longer limited I was no longer a slave to the hands of the clock."

INVISIBLE FORCE AT WORK.

"I was forty when I went into business; forty when I began to evolve the Ford plant. But all the time I was getting ready. That is one thing the larger view does for you; it enables you to take time to get ready. Most of my life has been spent in preparation, for I know that the vista before me is endless.

"The discovery of reincarnation put my mind at ease. I was settled. I felt that order and progress were present in the mystery of life. I no longer looked elsewhere for a solution to the riddle of life.

"If you preserve a record of this conversation, write it so that it puts men's minds at ease. I would like to communicate to others the calmness that the long view of life gives.

"I do not know where we come from, or where we go. But I know that we continue to accumulate experience and continue to grow. And as far as combinations are concerned, they are never the same, and never can be; even if there is nothing else newly created, there is always a new combination.

"Unfortunately no scientist has been able to isolate the soul. It can be seen through no lens. It can be weighed on no scale. But the fact that a thing is invisible does not mean that it does not exist."

MEASURING THE SOUL.

"All great forces are invisible. The wind is invisible, electricity is invisible, the soul is invisible. They are, nevertheless, real. You cannot see the power which brought you here in an automobile, but you cannot deny it.

"But Mr. Ford, air and electricity are susceptible to being measured."

"Exactly," Ford answered. "Air can be weighed, electricity gauged, and "I am sure that some day it will be possible to measure the soul." More than that: I am sure that once it was possible and that it was somehow done, and that our present assurance or 'faith' is based on some lost knowledge.

"A fundamental unity underlies all things. Matter and mind are one. They are different aspects of the same thing. Everything is material. But reduce matter far enough and it appears as the other thing. The spiritual is only another aspect of the material, the material of the spiritual.

"We all retain, however faintly, memories of past lives. We frequently feel that we have witnessed a scene, or lived through a moment in some previous existence. But that is not essential it is the essence, the gist, the results of experience, that are valuable and remain with us.

"The subconscious mind is charged with many memories that we have apparently forgotten. It takes an arousing experience of some sort to bring scenes from the deeps where they slumber to the surface of consciousness. But they are there, nevertheless.

"I wouldn't give five cents for seeing all the world, because I feel there is nothing in the five continents and on the five seas that I have not somehow seen.

"Life on earth, as scientists recently assured us, is some 23,000,000,000 years old. In 23,000,000,000 years the soul goes through many experiences.

"The purpose of life is to gain experience. Man seeks more in life than food or physical comfort. Food and shelter are obtained easily enough. Few men lie down after they have obtained mere creature comforts. Most of us go on. There is an ideal, a purpose beyond it all, that keeps up the human procession.

"We learn by success. We also learn by failure. We learn more by failure than by success. Every experience is worth having.

"The man who remarked on his way to the gallows. This will certainly be a good lesson for me,' may not be far wrong. May be it was a lesson for his next incarnation."

PURPOSE OF LIFE.

"Do you believe, with St. Francis, that animals, too, are endowed with souls?"

"Assuredly. Why not?"

"Mr. Ford," I inquired, shifting the conversation, "if you could live your own life over again, would you try to make it different?"

"That," Ford replied, "is an 'if' question, isn't it? I don't deal in 'ifs.' In all likelihood every human range of experience is predestined. We do not plan our own careers. We may foresee them, but we do not fore-ordain them. Forces beyond our control determine the highway we take through life."

"Do you think that the same principle applies to nations?"

"Undoubtedly," Ford replied.

"You are not inclined, then, to blame any one nation for the World War?"

"Of course not?"

"What gives you most pleasure in life?" I inquired later on.

Mr. Ford resented this question. "I I do nothing because it gives me pleasure. I do things because they are necessary. I never choose the easiest way, but the most difficult way. We are not doing much good when we are doing what we like to do.

"I get most satisfaction out of doing the hard thing, not the easy thing. Character is moulded by experience and struggle. The important thing is to go on always. I don't know anything about the end of the road—we are long way from any ending, but we shall get what we deserve. We all get what we deserve." "The Graphic."

"HANDCUFFED AND HUMILIATED"

—"Chronicle" Photo.

Mr. K. P. Khadilkar, the editor of "Nawa Kal", was taken in a third-class compartment to Sabarmati Jail, handcuffed and guarded by armed policemen on Tuesday.

DOMINION STATUS VERSUS ISOLATED INDEPENDENCE.

Use of Force Impossible.

(Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal writes in the "Hindustan Review".—

(Mr. Bapin Chandra Pal writes in the Hindustan Review for January 1929.)

India cannot be always kept or continue in her present political and economic dependence. This is universally admitted. But how long will it take her to attain her legitimate position in her own national politics and among the free nations of the world, is really the practical question; and on this question opinion is divided not only as between India and her present political overlords, but even between Indian politicians themselves.

It may be said with absolute justice and truth and, therefore, without any legitimate offence, that the British people, being intersted in the indefinite prolongation of India's dependent position in the Empire, desire to slacken her pace to Swaraj as much as it is possible. That, however, is not statesmanship. The evidence of real statesmanship is the vision of far distant future and the possibility of good and evil that that vision must reveal. Having realised this, the statesman applies himself to shape and direct present public policy that it may reasonably be expected to minimise to the lowest point the possibilities of future evil and increase to the highest measure the pissibilities of future good. If British statesmanship and Indian statesmanship also can visualise the unrevealed future and see all the possibilities of good and evil that it holds in it, both cannot avoid in some agreed policy and programme that will offer reasonable guarantee for the protection of the legitimate interests of both India and the Empire.

PROBLEM OF RE-CONSTRUCTION.

Great Britain has acquired very large stakes in India's political and economic system. Indian statesmen much frankly recognise these. It would be worse than useless to rake up the origin and the methods of these interests. Legal and political rights are oftener than not found to have accrued through ages and generations from some original wrong. The right of conquest is palpably so; so also is the right to large estates and immensely realised wealth of individuals in society, who have inherited these estates and all this wealth from their forbears. If we raise the question of origins of these and try to ignore or abrogate them, both society and civilization would at once go to pieces. We admit with the International Group Clarite that "our social system is wrong" the social system of the entire modern world, in Europe no less than in Asia. But it cannot be cured by violent upsetting of even this admittedly wrong social order. The social organism is as complex as the human organism; and as a diseased human organism cannot be brought back to health except by careful and skilful readjustment of all the organs of the body, so that in the process of recovery particular organs or tissues may not be strengthened or developed at the cost of other organs or tissues, even such is the case of the social organism. All cure is really effected by the re-establishment of the equilibrium of the vital forces and organs of the body. The disturbance and break-up of these originated and developed the disease. Our social system is wrong, because through the inertia and ignorance of the many and the natural desire for domination and acquisition of their betters, the social equilibrium has been broken. The function of the reformer and the statesman is not to further break up this equilibrium in their impatience for removing the wrong, but to skilfully re-adjust the different organs of the social body, so that gradually in the process of the re-adjustment ancient evils shall be removed giving place to new life and health.

If this be, as I believe it is, a correct view of social and political reform and reconstruction, then in the application of it to our present political and economic problems, we cannot ignore the very large political and economic interests that the history of the last two hundred years has helped the British people to acquire in this country we have not clean slate to write upon. We have to accept conditions as they are, even while fighting tooth and nail to alter them. Politically, the British are here, our overlords. The machinery of administration in India is in their hands. And any attempt, on an organsed large scale, to wrest this machinery by force from their hands will mean a continental revolt and an almost root and branch revolution not only in politics but also in

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